*File No.* 309

1865

Collection No.

Mysore Residency

Total Pros. 23

Pros. Serial Nos. 91 - 113.

**Subject.**

Grants-in-aid to the Baldwin Schools founded in 1880 and named after Mr. John Baldwin of the United States who gave a donation of Rs.10,000.

**Previous References.**

**Later References.**

F. No. 237 of 90

509 of 1900

509A of 1900

Letter issued Serial 95

Instr 2R.

150 Has any grant in aid for the Baldwin High School been budgeted for this year? I understand that Mr Lee Hamm promised to assist it?

Yes see S. 89.

KSE
29-10-

28/10/95

Office to reply.

KS
28/10

151 ~~As~~ 600/. at Rs. 50/. a month have been provided in the Baldwin Schools in the Estimates for 1896-97 — a moiety of expenses to be incurred in building Verandahs &c

~~As~~ 28.10.95 a Laboratory has been promised "when funds are available"

please see Sr. 95 in File 309/85.

KSE
29-10-

Recd. with
letter
dt 31/10

152. With letter No. 99. B. G. dated the 16th Nov. 1895, the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, returns the plan & estimates for building & equipping a Laboratory for the Waldronin High Schools, Drogheda, & states that the buildings are necessary & suitable for the purpose for which they are intended. He however suggests that they be inspected by some professional officer, e.g. Ex. Engineer of the Municipality before they are passed. when Municipal Engr. Mr. Richmond

Mr. O'Shaughnessy has done similar work for us before. If it be considered inadvisable to trouble the Ex: Engineer, Drogheda division, Military Works in the matter, the President, Municipal Commission, may be asked to have the plans & estimate checked & reported on by the Municipal Engineer.

153. Mr. Lee Warner has promised to sanction a moiety of the cost when funds are available provided the managers contribute and first expend on the building an equivalent sum. Mr. Hairsden recommends that a grant of half the cost be sanctioned the paid as funds are available. This

Rec'd

This matter can be taken up after the plan & estimates have been checked & submitted for orders.

AL
22-11-95

To Mysore

154. It is a question whether it is the legitimate business of the Municipal Ex. Engrs: to scrutinise the plans & estimates - It appears his predecessor did similar work for us before - If approved, we can act on latter part of para 152 supra

Para 153 is correct - The school has first to spend half & then we can see about the other half

KSE
25-11.

Res:

Agreed.

KSE
27-11

27/11

To Bangalore — Re: AL 30.11.95

Issue KSE 3/12
Issued - Sd. M. 47.

AL put up for approval.
30.11.

155 In letter No 1896 dated the 16th December 1895, the President Municipal Commission, returns, checked by the Municipal Ex-Engineer, the plans & estimates for a laboratory to be built in connection with the Baldwin School. A. 98

156 In his report, the Municipal Engineer states that he was unable to follow the estimate owing to its confused state of preparation; a fresh ~~estimate~~ estimate is therefore prepared by him in which certain improvements are proposed. This estimate amounts to Rs 3670 or 170 in excess of the School's, but provision is made for more substantial work. The School authorities may be asked through the Inspector whether they are prepared to adopt the Municipal Engineer's estimate. Slip A

157 ... The expenditure that has become necessary is Rs 4815. A moiety, say Rs 2400 may be sanctioned, if the School authorities accept the revised estimate. Payment will be made when funds are available, provided the Managers have contributed and first spent an equivalent sum. Orders solicited.

* Laboratory - 3670:-
Apparatus - 758-4-
Furniture - 386-12-0
4815-0-0

We may address &c Baldwin School as above.

A.S. 19-12-95

Rec'd " KSE 20/12

23/12 KSE

Dft Circ. & appl.

26/2

Issue

26-12

Letter issued – Sl. 99

158 From a letter No. 31. B. 4. dated the
D. 100 13th February 1896, from the Inspector
of Schools, Central Circle, & enclosure,
it will be seen that the School authorities
of Baldwin High Schools have accepted
the Municipal Ex. Engineer's suggestions
as regards the construction of a laboratory
for that Institution – certain modifications
in the plan are however proposed (Please
See Sl. 100 B) with a view to improve
the building, & Mr. Marsden approves
the alterations & requests the Resident's
permission to make the alterations
referred to.

159 The proposed alterations would seem
to be unobjectionable. They need not
perhaps

perhaps be referred for the opinion of the Municipal Ex-Engineer. Mr. Richmond examined the plans before & made a report. The alterations now proposed refer to this improvements. The present Engineer, Mr. Ellis, might require all the papers to understand the modifications in SE No. 100. B. The plans etc are retained by the Secretary of the School who has stated that they "will be returned in a few days".

160 If approved, the modifications referred to in SE. No. 100 may be approved, & a grant of £2400/- sanctioned - to be paid when funds are available & when the Managers have first spent an equivalent sum = (please see para 157 ante).

161 Submitted for favourable orders.

AS.
18-2-96. RJ.

162 Reply simply approving the modifications proposed KSE 27-2.

Dft subd.
28/2

Letter issued - SE No. 102.

163

A.103

In letter No. 154 Camp dated the 28th July 1896, the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, reports that he is anticipating that work to the extent of not less than Rs 250/- has been done in connection with the building of a laboratory for the Baldwin's School, and requests that an advance of Rs 1,200/- may be made out of the grant of Rs 2,400/- promised in Se. No. 99.

164 Sanction may, if approved, be accorded for the payment of Rs 1,200/- money is available in the budget allotment. Draft prepared for approval.

Ag.
1-8-96.

Issue KSE 3/8

165 In this connection attention is invited to what the Right Hon'ble Said in his Speech at the distribution of Prizes at the Baldwin Schools, on the 16th July '96 in regard to the restoration of the grant in aid

Se. 102.

withdrawn from these Schools a few years ago — the dist. grant was £100/- but he was ordered that provision for the payt. of half that sum sh: be made in the C. M. Cth budget for '96.'97 — this was done, but the G. of I. have struck out the provision.

166. May the Inspector of Schools be asked to submit proposals for a redistribution of the grants to enable the grant being restored? S.E. 8/9.

7.8.96 I think Mr Marsden has written on the subject within the last day or two — letter rec? today in office. K/3/8.

K.S.E. 3/8

167 Inspectr's letter N. 164 of 1st Augt 1892 referred to, is put up in File N. 390/95-1 as AP. N. 21 + subs for orders with office note in that file.

Mr. 7-8-96. A/8/8.

D.107

168 With letter No. 111.B.Q. dated the 20th August 1896, the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, forwards an application from the Manager of Baldwin High Schools for a furniture grant.

169 In his last report of inspection of these Schools, Mr. Marsden remarked that some new furniture was needed, & that should an application be made, he would be glad to recommend it. In his speech on the occasion of distributing prizes to the Students of these Schools, the Resident said that he would be glad to sanction the grant for furniture if Mr. Marsden recommended it. Encouraged by these assurances, an application has now been made notwithstanding the fact that in this month alone, payment of Rs 1,200/- has sanctioned in part payment of a grant of Rs 2,400/- made towards the building & equipping of a Laboratory.

D.102

D.104.

170 Mr. Marsden would seem to have recommended the grant because the

Govt.

:Para of D.107-A

Govt of India struck out the provision made in the current year's budget for giving these schools a grant-in-aid of Rs 50/- annually. It is intended to launch the grant either by a redistribution of grants or by obtaining a supplemental grant, & the Inspector's proposals have been called for in the matter. It is therefore submitted that the fact that the Govt of India had struck out the grant need not be taken as a ground for launching the furniture grant, if for other considerations it could not be granted this year.

171 The budget provision for building & furniture grants is Rs 6,500/- of which a sum of Rs 1,500/- is intended for payments in liquidation of the loan granted by the Mysore Govt to Bishop Cotton's School - of the balance of Rs 4,000/-, the amount already spent or promised comes to Rs 2365-8-0, leaving Rs 2634-8-0 for all the schools in the Province.

× Rs 165-8-0 Bishop Cotton's School
1200-0-0 Baldwin's School
1000-0-0 St. Petersburg School
2365-8 [illegible]

263 4-8

172 If approved, Mr. Marsden may be asked for a forecast of the requirements of the schools in the Station during the current year

Japee.
KSE
26/8

year, & on receipt of such forecast it may be decided whether the furniture grant applied for by the Headmaster should be made this year or the next year.

173 If however, the grant is to be made at once, it is submitted that a certificate must be obtained from the Managers under sec 96 of the Primary School Code for Superior Schools that the funds in their hands will when added to the grant be sufficient to meet all claims & to close the account. It is presumed that the Inspector has satisfied himself that the articles included in the estimate are all required. It is not clear to Office whether ~~Inspr~~ in regard to the provision of benches & filters (the estimated cost of which is Rs ~~120~~ 80/-) the Govt should make a grant, and whether low platforms for teachers desks at a cost of Rs 60/- are necessarily omitted. The grant applied for is Rs 521/-

Orders solicited. KSE

AP. 25-8-96. MC. Resh 26/8.

L Kaye

174 Lieu Mr Marsden about this.
He tells me that he has made
a distribution of the furniture grant
which he is going to send us,
and that this is no school so
much in need of help in this
respect as the Baldwin School.
I am also writing Lt Archer
a point in favour of this school
in view of the GI reduction of
the Rs 50 p.m. recommended
as a grant in aid, which
we are not likely to be able
to retain this year, though
I hope to do something else
for them next year —

175 Sanction the Rs 521.

Jmy

2.7/8/96 KSE 27-8

Dmpt submitted for approval.

AL
28-8-96. KSE 29/8

Issued Serial 108.

176

176 With letter No. 157 Bg dated the 28th November 1896, the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, forwards a completion certificate from the Ex: Engineer, Colombo Municipality, certifying that the building for the Laboratory of the Andoris High School "has been constructed in a substantial & satisfactory manner", & recommends payment of the balance (Rs 1,200) of the grant of Rs 2400/- sanctioned in Sc. No. 104 of

S. 109

177 The grant of Rs 2400/- made in Sc. 104 represents a moiety of the following charges:-

| | | Rs |
|---|---|---|
| (a) | Laboratory — | 3,670 |
| (b) | Apparatus — | 758 1/4 |
| (c) | Furniture — | 386 3/4 |
| | | 4815 |

A sum of Rs 1200/- has already been paid. It is not reported whether the Laboratory has been provided with (b) & (c), & unless this has been done, the balance can not be disbursed. So far as the building itself is concerned, the School is entitled to receive Rs 1835/- or Rs 635/- in addition to the sum of Rs 1200/- already paid.

File 314 of 93 — Rs. 165.8
" 309 of '85 — " 1721
" 419 of '85 — 1250
" 510 of '88 — " 42
" 60 of '88 — " 87.8
" 155 of '88 — " 137.8
" 521 of '85 — " 293
" 3,696.8
Grant — 5,000

198 Out of the budget allotment, there is a sum of Rs 1,303-8-0 available, exclusive of

of a sum of Rs 1,500/- reserved for payment to the Mysore Govt towards the liquidation of Bishop Cotton's School debt - The Inspector may be asked whether apparatus & furniture have been provided for the Laboratory, or, the balance of the grant (Rs 1,200) may be ordered to be paid, the Inspector being however directed to see that apparatus & furniture have been provided at a cost not less than Rs 1,145/- orders solicited -

A.

179 In para 2 of his letter, Mr Marsden requests that the Completion certificate may be countersigned & forwarded to the Manager of the School direct - It is not understood why the Inspector sends this certificate to be countersigned & sent on to the Manager - There seems to be nothing in the rules in Chapter VII of the Educational Code (page 23) - Rule 96 (a) prescribes that a grant shall not be paid in full until a completion report has been received - The certificate may, if approved, be retained in the office, the Inspector being informed that it is not understood why it should be countersigned & forwarded

File 257/96

to the Manager.

Submitted.

A.I.
3-12-96.

180 We don't seem to have too much money left for the remainder of the year.

181 Address Insp.r as at A in para 178 and at para 179

KSE
4-12

Copy to the Inspector of Schools submitted for approval.

A.I.
7-12-96. KSE 8/12

S. 116. Letter issued No: 4524 of 10-12-96.

182 In letter No. 13 B.g dated the 25th January 1897, the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, reports that furniture & apparatus are stated to have been purchased for the laboratory of Baldwin's High Schools for £ 1,209-8-6, & recommends that a payment of £ 1,200/- be authorized in final adjustment of the grant of £ 2400/- sanctioned in Sl. No. 104

S. 111

183

183 Please see paras 177 & 178 of note. Money is available. If approved, payment of Rs 12,000/- may be sanctioned. Draft prepared for approval.

AL
28-1-97

29/1

Mrs issue.

2/2

1/2.

Resn

Issued. See No. 112.

84 Orders have been received from the Govt. of India sanctioning the supplemental grant of Rs 9600/- under 22 Education to meet the grant-in-aid of Rs 50/- a month furnished to Baldwin's School & another institution.

185 Please see Sl. No. 89 & the latter portion of para 174 of note. Draft sanction submitted for approval.

AJ.
10-3-97

11/3.

Letter issued. See No. 113

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

~~File No. 321 of 1889.~~

# Aided Schools in the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore.

## BALDWIN SCHOOLS.

No. 3379—3219, dated Bangalore, the 10th October 1890.

From—Captain L. S. Newmarch, Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To—The Manager, Baldwin Schools, Bangalore.

I am directed to inform you that from the 1st of April next, your present grant-in-aid of Rs. 100 per mensem will be abolished.

2. The Resident has come to this decision after consultation with the Inspector of schools and a consideration of the relative circumstances of all the schools at present receiving aid from government.

3. He considers that the government has sufficiently aided the Baldwin schools, which ought now to be able to do without the assistance hitherto received.

---

No. 3380—82—3219.

Copy forwarded to the Inspector of schools for information.

Do to the officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury for information and guidance.

Do to the Accountant General, Madras, for do do.

The Memorial of the Trustees of the Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

To—Sir Harry Prendergast, V. C., K. C. B., British Resident at the Court of Mysore.

That it is with sorrow and regret that we have learned of the government order withdrawing the grant-in-aid from "the Baldwin high schools," no other cause being assignable for this withdrawal than a desire to increase the grant of another school in the Station. This act on the part of government, though perhaps not intended to be unjust, is not characterized by that high sense of what is right and impartial which is a distinctive quality of British rule. The grievous wrong done us is more apparent when it is remembered that the Resident who took the grant-in-aid from the Baldwin high schools and gave it to the Bishop Cotton schools, was himself the ex-officio chairman of the committee of the schools thus favoured.

2. That our grant has not been taken away because of the smallness of the number of pupils attending our schools or because we have failed to come up to the government requirement in teaching and passing pupils.

That our record compares favourably with that of other schools in the Station, the following statistics will show. The number of pupils in the schools is 164.

Our record of passes is:—

| | No. Presented. | No. Passed. | Per cent passed. |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Class in 1889.** | | | |
| Matriculation ... | 6 | 4 | 66·6 |
| Higher Examination for women | 7 | 5 | 71·4 |
| Middle school ... | 15 | 9 | 60 |
| **Class in 1890.** | | | |
| Matriculation ... ... | 4 | 4 | 100 |
| Higher Examination for women | 4 | 2 | 50 |
| Middle school ... ... | 14 | 8 | 57 |

The following is an extract from the report by the late Sir Oliver St. John on the administration of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, for the year 1889—90, page 19, paragraph 128.

"The results of the matriculation examination as shown in the margin were good for the Baldwin boys' school, fair for the Bishop Cotton girls' school, and poor or bad for the rest."

This year four boys went from the Baldwin schools to the examination for entrance into the subordinate grade of the Bombay Medical Service, and all passed.

We beg to call the attention of government to the following statement made by the Inspector of schools in his last annual report:—

"This school is to be congratulated on having teachers who have been among the first to pass the school management examination, and who may be said to have secured the first ordinary certificate at this Station."

The Baldwin high schools afford as great facilities for the acquirement of the vernaculars as any other school in the Station. We have taught two or three for many years as optional subjects, but since the middle of 1889 the study of Hindustani or Tamil has been made compulsory

The vernaculars now taught in these schools are Hindustani, Tamil, and Kanarese.

3. That the government has failed to recognize the fact that Bangalore is not a compact city in which all or a larger part of the inhabitants live within easy access of some central point that might be selected for a school. Bangalore is really made up of a number of widely separated communities, so that a conveyance is a necessity, especially in hot weather, to go from the centre of population of one of these localities to that of another.

And the schools of this city are as widely separated as these different localities. If the Baldwin schools were to be closed, the other schools of the city are so far from Richmond Town that the number of pupils in any of them would not be materially increased thereby; and those now sending their children to the Baldwin high schools would be deprived of all school privileges. The result would be the opening here of perhaps several irresponsible private schools of low grade and inferior teaching.

4. That the government by making it necessary for the nonconformists of this Station to choose between the Bishop Cotton schools on the one hand and Wesleyan high school or central college on the other, have failed to recognize:—

First, that the latter schools are almost exclusively for native youths. And it occurs to us that if a native school will do for the nonconformists of Bangalore, it might do equally well for the anglican portion of the inhabitants, and hence the Bishop Cotton schools cease to be a necessity.

Second, that these schools are boys' schools. And those whose consciences will not allow them to send their daughters to the Bishop Cotton schools, must necessarily, according to this ruling of government, let their girls go uneducated. This proposition seems to us to resolve itself into this; "The nonconformist Europeans and Eurasians of Bangalore must send their boys to native schools or to Bishop

Cotton's and their girls to Bishop Cotton's or keep them at home." On this point we venture to remark that there are many nonconformists who would rather keep their children at home than send them to a school with the religious teaching of which they do not agree.

5. That the Bishop Cotton schools are much more expensive for Boarders than are the Baldwin schools; and that were the Baldwin schools closed but few if any of our Boarders would be able to pay the high rates charged at the Bishop Cotton schools. We are really educating the children of those whose salaries would not admit of their sending their children to the Bishop Cotton schools were they otherwise inclined to do so.

The Baldwin high school rates are:—
A Department-Rs.25 per mensem
B Department-Rs. 16 do

6. That this order of government wrongs the people not only of this part of Bangalore but also of distant stations where there are few, if any, school privileges. In this connection, we beg to call the attention of government to the fact that we have, at this time in our schools, children from Ajmere, Dharwar, Hubli, Rajahmundry, Mangalore, Bellary, Kopbal, Castle Rock, Coimbator, Tanjore, South Coorg, Cocanada, the Shevaroys, Nagercoil (Travencore), Coonoor, Poona, Secunderabad Tinnevelly, etc, and even Upper Burmah.

Among this number are the children of government servants, of the Engineering, Medical, and Salt Departments whose duties keep them at a distance from the larger towns.

To this class of persons a good boarding school, (such as will give them a good education at moderate cost) is a great desideratum. And this want is met in the Baldwin high schools.

7. That the Baldwin high schools, (while our teaching is not sectarian, our church catechism not even being used in the schools) are a part of our church work, and though the grant-in-aid is withheld, we shall feel ourselves obliged to continue the schools.

8. That your memorialists pray that the restoration of the grant-in-aid may be sanctioned with retrospective effect from the 1st of April, 1891.

And your memorialists as in duty bound will ever pray, &c.

---

No. 3858—321-89, dated Bangalore, the 15th December 1891.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore.

To—The Trustees, Baldwin High School, Bangalore.

I am desired to acknowledge the receipt of your memorial on the subject of the restoration of the grant-in-aid to the Baldwin high school from the 1st of April 1891, in which you refer to the grievous wrong done to your school, while that of Bishop Cotton's has been unduly favoured.

2. As regards the particular claim to the grant-in-aid of yourself and Bishop Cotton's school, I am to say that the matter was fully considered with regard to the general advantages for education in Bangalore by the late Resident, and was finally considered by the Government of India as communicated to you in this office, No. 2929-34—321-89, dated 29th September 1891. It is therefore now unnecessary to reopen the question, but I am to say that as the Government of India has given a total sum of 7,300 rupees between 1886 and 1889 for building, furniture and enlarging your school, as well as a grant of Rs. 100 a month for maintenance, the Resident fails to see how the school can be said to have suffered any grievous wrong.

3. From the concluding portion of your memorial, it would appear that the state of the school is generally satisfactory, and that the teaching is good, and that the Trustees are in a position to continue the school in spite of the proposed withdrawal of the grant.

4. In conclusion I am to say, that the Resident is unable to sanction the restoration of the grant-in-aid.

No. 116 B. O. dated, Bangalore, the 11th August 1890.

From—E. Marsden Esq., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

I have now the honour to reply to your letter No. 2145—3219, dated June 26th 1889, directing me to submit a special report on the working of the Bengal Code for European schools, with particular reference to the result system, and with a view to the allotments of grants-in-aid on some definite plan: also as to whether the result system might not be applied with advantage to Vernacular schools in the Civil and Military Station.

2. I thought it well to delay this report until the new edition of the Bengal Code had been issued, and the new English Code had been passed by Parliament, in order that I might be guided to some extent by them. I wished also to go over the schools in the Station once more as my inspection last year was somewhat hasty.

3. I have an intimate acquaintance with the result system, as in force in the Madras Presidency, where there are, in my circle, over a thousand schools on that system. I regard it as utterly unsuited for European schools, and as open to very serious objections, for Native schools. If I had my way, I should abolish it and substitute for it the salary grant and lump grant system. In theory this system seems perfect. Schools are to be given grants in exact proportion to the work they turn out. Nothing would seem fairer than this. But in practice the defects and disadvantages of the system, when compared with other systems of aid, far outweigh in my opinion, its apparent advantages.

4. From an administrative point of view the result system is exceedingly inconvenient. It is impossible to estimate, a year beforehand, what the earnings of schools will be. The essence of the system is that a school shall be given whatever it earns, and these earnings may be largely in excess of the estimate. Hence, if no money is available from savings under other heads, and this is often the case, a heavy burden is thrown on the budget for the next year for the arrears of the previous year to be paid out of it, and the estimate for the year is upset accordingly. On the other hand the earnings of schools may be less than the estimate and in this case there is a heavy lapse. Under the present lump grant system there is no such inconvenience. The grant is fixed and cannot be exceeded, and on the other hand there can be no lapse.

5. From a manager's point of view the same causes produce still more serious consequences. Under the present system the income of a school is pretty accurately known and the salaries of masters are fixed accordingly, but under the result system this cannot be done. The school is turned into a lottery.

6. Again it is obvious and notorious that under the result system the work connected with accounts, the estimates, and re-appropriation statements and supplementary estimates, the clerical work connected with tabulation and the correspondence connected with the whole system is three or four times as heavy as that necessary for the lump grant system which is simplicity itself. In Madras there is a most complicated Code, bristling with exceptions and various rulings. These rules are a fertile source of disputes and appeals.

7. The result grant system is opposed to all steady, continuous and thorough work in school. It leads directly to the worst sort of "cram." When masters know that their income depends directly upon the number of pupils they can pass in the Inspector's examination, all their efforts are directed to this end—to *pass* boys. It matters nothing whether a pupil thoroughly understands the subject, in fact, any labour in excess of that required to pass boys is regarded as labour thrown away. Each boy is turned into a machine for making money. Education is degraded from the high position it ought to occupy and becomes a mere commercial undertaking, often a speculation, pure and simple. Boys whose education has been neglected or who are naturally dull, need the most careful teaching and the most assiduous attention. But, under the result system, what happens? Boys of this description are utterly neglected, because no money can be made out of them. Masters care only for bright and intelligent boys, or such as show any aptitude for passing exami-

nations. On the other hand, when a master's income is assured, and he is not diverted from the proper work of a teacher by the consideration that such work is directly detrimental to his prospects and income, inasmuch as it takes him away from more profitable "cram," he devotes special attention to backward boys, as he ought to do.

8. Again the "result system" is objectionable from the point of view of masters, because the reward of a whole year's work is often utterly lost through no fault of theirs. They carefully teach a boy for nine or ten or eleven months. At the time of examination he is ill or leaves the Station. The year's work is lost—for he can earn no grant—and a proportionate amount of a year's income lost to the unfortunate master. Or, if the boy stays, he may be nervous or, for some unaccountable reason, fail to secure the minimum of marks for a pass. The loss falls on the wretched teacher. He may do his duty conscientiously through the year, he may work to the best of his power and abilities, but he gets nothing for it. It is no wonder that the most unpopular profession in India is that of a master in a result school. The system must take all heart out of a man. Under it sound and thorough work is, in my opinion, impossible.

9. Another very strong objection to it is that it makes the income of masters dependent on the idiosyncrasy of a single examiner, and in the vast majority of cases, in the Madras Presidency, on the honesty of a single examiner. Ninety-nine per cent of the Vernacular schools in this Presidency are examined by a Native Deputy Inspector paid on an average Rs. 100 per mensem. There is no check on his work and there can be none. He has to examine three or four hundred schools every year and sign cheques for thousands of rupees. Having examined a school which has legally earned say Rs. 50, there is nothing to prevent him assigning to it Rs. 150, of which he may pocket 75 and give 75 *i. e.* 25 more than the legal amount to the master. No one would complain for both parties would be benefited. A year or two ago I happened to chance upon a case of this kind in South Canara. The man was dismissed. I am at the present moment conducting a prosecution by order of Government of a Deputy Inspector in Malabar who has been for the last five years misappropriating money in the way stated and who could not have been caught, but that he had become perfectly reckless from having been able to follow this course, for years, with impunity. I do not say that this would happen in Bangalore, but it is one of the objections to the result system, which has forced itself on my notice during my experience of its working for the last 7 years in that Presidency. Under the lump or salary grant system, such a thing is perfectly impossible.

I do not mean by these remarks to imply that all Sub-Assistants are dishonest, but that if a Sub-Assistant or Deputy Inspector is inclined to be dishonest, he has every opportunity for being so, as there is not and cannot be any check upon him.

10. The best argument I can urge against the result system however is, that it has been tried and found wanting in England, and has been partly abandoned in India, under the Bengal Educational Code. The Indian Codes were framed, I believe, on the model of the English Code of 1862. The new English Code of 1890 is referred to by Sir W. Hart Dyke, Vice President of the Committee of Council for education for England and Wales in these words.

"The new Code has struck a death-blow at payment by results—a system which cramped and restricted the energies of teachers and managers alike and which treated the scholars as mere money making machines at so much per head. It substitutes for that system a new grant payable on the general efficiency of the school as a whole."

11. As regards the Bengal Educational Code for European schools, a reference to Art. 33 (page 14) of the latest edition for 1890 will show that a most important change has recently been made. This article reads as follows:—

"In substitution of the grants which may be earned under these rules, special fixed grants may be made with the sanction of the Government to certain schools. Accordingly schools whose permanent character has been established may be put by the department on a special list and such schools shall receive a fixed grant annually for a term of five years, payable at a fixed date each year."

12. This is a return to the "lump grant" system, the system which has all along been in force in Bangalore, the only difference being that the grant is paid

yearly instead of monthly. Whether this is an improvement is open to question. It certainly simplifies accounts. But if the amount is paid at the end of the year for which it is due the arrangement will be very inconvenient for Managers, who will have to borrow money (if there be no endowment) for 11 months. If it be paid at the beginning of the year, managers will get the interest of the money for a certain time and this would no doubt be a good thing for them, but if the school should from any unforeseen cause deteriorate rapidly during the year and cease to deserve the grant; there would be no means of stopping it.

13. For these reasons I trust that the Resident will sanction the continuance of the "lump grant" system in Bangalore. An additional advantage of this is that it enables Government, to deal with each school on its merits. No general rule is laid down, and no school can *claim* a grant. Under the Madras system there is a set of rules and conditions and any school that conforms to these conditions may claim a grant. Many old established and efficient schools have been ruined by rival institutions recently opened, which, by various artifices, particularly that of charging lower fees, entice boys to join them.

14. It is my opinion that there are too many High schools for European boys and girls in Bangalore. Not one of them has good strong classes. All of them have a large number of weak classes. Not one of them has a sufficient number of teachers. The consequence is that two or more classes are taught by one teacher: the teaching is poor and the results bad. A reference to my annual report recently sent will show that the results of the public examinations were decidedly bad for all the boys' schools.

15. I do not think that there is room for more than two High schools for European boys and for European girls in Bangalore, one for Roman Catholics and one for Protestants. No doubt Protestant dissenters might be debarred by religious scruples, from sending their children to a school where the religious teaching is in accordance with the church catechism and book of common prayer, but this difficulty might, I think, be got over, by having no religious teaching at all in Bishop Cotton's school (which is the one I would select) and this would be the shortest way out of the difficulty. But as this might be objected to by some parents who regard religious instruction as a necessary part of education, the lesson on religion might be put at the beginning of the work of the day, say the first half hour, which in Bangalore would be from 10 to 10-30. Boys whose parents object to this lesson, might attend at 10-30 when the secular education of the day begins. It is, I think, a great pity that Bishop Cotton's school is not thoroughly unsectarian and if it could be done, I am very strongly of opinion that to constitute it an institution of this character would add very greatly to its strength, popularity and efficiency. With the climate of Bangalore and the advantages it possesses in point of situation and its buildings, it ought to attract pupils from every part of the country and be by far the best and largest European College and High school in India. If the teachers could be made thoroughly efficient and all arrangements connected with the school were good, many parents who now send their children to England, but can ill afford to do so, would no doubt keep them for a time at least in India, for, if as good masters were employed as there are in a good grammar school at home, and if the boarding arrangements were perfectly satisfactory, there is no reason why children should not be educated equally well, up to the age of 13 or 14 at least. Instead of aiding several inefficient or half efficient schools I would select the best and aid it liberally so as to enable it to employ a thoroughly good staff of teachers. In Bishop Cotton's school there is wanted a good classical master from England. Some of the junior masters and mistresses are poorly paid and their pay ought I think to be raised. Drawing should be taught throughout the school as an ordinary not as a special subject. The debt on the buildings should be paid off. The present grant which is Rs. 470 for both schools might with advantage be doubled or raised at least to Rs. 800, *i. e.* by Rs. 330. A part at least of this sum might be obtained by withdrawing grants from some schools and reducing the present grants in the case of others, if Government be disinclined to spend more money on education than it now does.

16. There are at present 5 High schools for boys in Bangalore as follow:—

St. Joseph's College for Roman Catholics.
Bishop Cotton's Church of England.
St. Andrew's for Presbyterians.
St. Mark's, a private school.
Baldwin, American Methodist.

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RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

# *File No.* 321 *of* 1889.

## Aided Schools in the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore.

### Correspondence with the Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

No. 3415—3219, dated Bangalore, the 10th October 1890.

From—Captain L. S. Newmarch, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.
To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

The Resident desires me to thank you for your letter No. 116 B. O., dated the 11th August last, reporting on the grants-in-aid to the various schools in Bangalore.

2. From the copies of the letters now being separately forwarded to you, you will see that the Resident has accepted the recommendations made in paragraph 20 of your letter under acknowledgment, except as regards St. Xavier's Girls' school to which Sir Oliver St. John has decided to continue the present monthly grant of Rs. 23 per mensem, without any increase.

3. The Resident agrees with you as to the advantages of the "lump grant" system and authorizes its continuance, the grants being paid monthly.

4. The Resident also agrees generally with the views expressed in paragraph 15 of your letter as to the desirability of making Bishop Cotton's school, as unsectarian as possible. But he desires me to observe that there are difficulties in the way of carrying this out seeing that the school was founded by an Anglican Bishop, and is certainly supported by Anglicans as a Church of England Institution. He considers that the best way of meeting this difficulty would be to arrange that the boarders should be instructed on the principles of the Church of England, and that the studies of each day should, as at present, begin with religious instruction.

5. Parents who object, however, to such teaching might be allowed to send their children to the school after the religious instruction (which would be given as the first lesson of the day) was ended.

6. This matter, however, together with your remarks in paragraph 15 will shortly be laid before the committee of Bishop Cotton's school for consideration.

(Demi Official.)

Dated Tellicherry, the 7th November 1890.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

The Chaplain of St. John's has written to me regarding the reduction of the standard of his school. He is very anxious to keep the middle school classes. He says he supposes he must submit to the reduction in grant, and hopes to make up the difference by increased subscriptions. But against a reduction in standard he urges the extreme poverty of many of the boys whose fathers are, as a rule, pensioners, so that they can only afford to pay the very low rate of fee levied in St. John's school and the distance that many of the parents live from Bishop Cotton's school, particularly those who live to the east of the church.

There is some force in his objections, in fact I was very nearly leaving out the recommendation as regards the reduction of standard in this school.

I now think that, provided the reduction in grant be made, the retention or otherwise of the middle standard may be left to the discretion of the Chaplain,—it being, however, clearly understood that the government grant is given only for the primary department and that no middle department can be aided. If a middle department be maintained, it must be from private sources entirely.

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[Demi Official.]

Dated Bangalore, the 21st February 1891.

From—Captain L. S. Newmarch, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—E. Marsden Esq., B. A., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Will you kindly let me know what are the fees charged and actually paid in the St. Andrew's Boys' and Girls' schools, in the Wesleyan Girls' school, in the St. Mark's school, and in the Baldwin schools?

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(Demi Official.)

Dated Mangalore, the 8th March 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To—Captain L. S. Newmarch, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

On receipt of your letter, I wrote off to my Sub-Inspector at Bangalore to procure the statement regarding fees from the schools as the information was not available in my office here. By this post the statement has come. I now forward it and hope it is correct.

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| No. | Name of school. | Rate of fees charged for tuition in each class. | | | | | | | | | | | Collection in February. | | | Fees collections according to annual returns for 1889—90. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | Matriculation class. | Pre-matric or higher examination for women. | Standard VII | VI. | V. | IV. | III. | II. | I. | Infants standard. | Arrear-fees. | Of fees for February. | | Total. | | |
| | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs | Rs | Rs | Rs | Rs | Rs | Rs | Rs. | Rs | Rs. | | Rs. | | Rs. A. |
| 1 | St. Andrew's school for Boys ... .. | 5 | 5 | 4½ | 4 | 3½ | 3 | 2½ | 2 | 2 | 2 | ... | 211 | 8 0 | 211 | 8 0 | 2425 1 |
| 2 | Do do for Girls... | | | | | | | | | | | | 290 | 0 0 | 290 | 0 0 | 2759 3 |
| 3 | Wesleyan school do... | ... | ... | 4½ | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2½ | 2 | ... | ... | 71 | 12 0 | 71 | 12 0 | 1016 0 |
| 4 | St. Mark's Grammar school ... | 6 | ... | 5 | 4 | ... | 3 | 2 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 148 | 0 0 | 148 | 0 0 | 1776 11 |
| 5 | Baldwin Boys' school... | 6 | 5½ | 5 | 4½ | 4 | 3½ | 3 | 2½ | 2 | 1½ | ... | 395 | 13 2 | 395 | 13 2 | 2497 8 |
| 6 | Do Girls' do ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2460 4 |

No. 191 B., dated Calicut, the 7th April, 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To—The Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

With reference to your recent order reducing grants to schools in the Civil and Military Station except to the Bishop Cotton's school, I have the honor to enquire whether grant-in-aid bills for April which will be paid early in May may be countersigned for the amounts hitherto sanctioned or whether the reduced scale intimated in the above order should be introduced.

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No. 1139—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 15th April 1891.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

In reply to your letter No. 191 B., dated the 7th April 1891, I am directed to say that you may defer countersigning the grant-in-aid bills of the schools in the Civil and Military Station, till you hear again from this office.

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No. 1588—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 27th May 1891.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.
To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

I am directed to ask you to furnish this office at your earliest convenience with the information on the following points in connection with the schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore aided by government.

*(a).* Attendance.

*(b).* Expenditure, showing separately the amount defrayed from the grant and from private sources, and the scale of establishment for each school.

*(c).* Scale of fees of each school.

2. The above information, I am to say, has been asked for at an early date by the Government of India.

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No. 1629—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 29th May 1891.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.
To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

In continuation of this office letter No. 1139—321-9, dated the 15th April 1891, I am directed to say that the information *called for by the Government of India will necessarily delay for some months the passing of final orders on the re-distribution of the grants-in-aid to the schools in the Civil and Military Station. As this may be attended with some inconvenience to the managers, I am to say that the bills of all those schools whose grants are not to be withdrawn and of those whose grants have been reduced may be countersigned for payment at the old and reduced rates respectively pending final orders of the Government of India.

*Vide my letter No. 1588—321-9, dated 27th May 1891, to your address.

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No. 1630—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 29th May 1891.

Copy to the Accountant General, Madras, for information.

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No. 1631—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 29th May 1891.

Copy to the officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury for information and guidance.

CHAS: W. RAVENSHAW,
*Assistant to the Resident.*

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No. 64 C, dated Bangalore, the 20th June 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

In forwarding statement called for in your letter No. 1588—321-9, dated 27th May 1891, I have the honor to forward likewise a printed prospectus of Bishop Cotton's school from which you will see that although the rate of fee for ordinary pupils is slightly higher than that in the St. Andrew's and the Baldwin schools, a reduction is made of 25 per cent when four or more members of a family attend, and a further reduction for any pupil or pupils whose parents' circumstances are not such as to admit of their paying the full fee. As a matter of fact, considerable reductions are made. I may also note that none of the other schools has a Principal or Head Master with anything like the scholastic attainments of the Warden of Bishop Cotton's College who is a European with high University honors.

2. The statement is, if I do not mistake, made by the memorialists, that Bishop Cotton's is not centrally situated. This statement is not founded on fact as any one who knows Bangalore will testify.

3. There is ample accommodation in Bishop Catton's Boys' school, for a much larger number of pupils, than at present, attend.

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| No. | Name of School. | Attendance. | | Annual expenditure from | | | | | | Principal. | Professors. | Head Master or Mistress. | 1st Assistant. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | No. on rolls on the 1st of April 1891. | Average monthly roll during the year. | Average daily attendance. | Grant. | Fees. | All other sources. | Total. | Percentage of Government grant to total expenditure. | Percentage of expenditure from private sources to total expenditure. | | | |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
| | | | | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | | | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| ✓ 1 | Bishop Cotton's College ... | 12 | 13 | 11 | 1,410 | 1,328 | 70 | 2,808 | 50 | 50 | 500 | 200 | ... | ... |
| 2 | Bishop Cotton's Boys' High School | 74 | 70 | 64 | 2,115 | 5,310 | 364 | 7,789 | 27 | 73 | ... | ... | 65 | 50 |
| 3 | Do do Girls' do | 67 | 68 | 55 | 2,115 | 6,638 | 220 | 8,973 | 24 | 76 | ... | ... | 150 | 60 |
| | | | | | | | | | 34 | 66 | | | | |
| ✓ 4 | St. Joseph's College ... | 27 | 25 | 23 | 700 | 430 | 2,240 | 3,370 | 28 | 72 | 70 | 8 Professors each, and 1 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 27 | 73 | | | | |
| ✓ 5 | St. Joseph's High School *Boys'* | 343 | 331 | 259 | 2,420 | 1,820 | 4,800 | 9,040 | 27½ | 72½ | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| | | | | | | | | | 46 | 54 | | | | |
| ✓ 6 | St. Andrew's High School for *Boys'* | 72 | 69 | 61 | 2,400 | 2,825 | ... | 5,225 | 27 | 73 | ... | ... | 150 | 90 |
| ✓ 7 | St. Andrew's High School for *Girls'* | 104 | 82 | 70 | 1,200 | 3,211 | ... | 4,411 | 17 | 83 | ... | ... | 125 | 50 |
| 8 | St. Mark's Grammar School *Boys'* ... | 40 | 40 | 36 | 840 | 1,594 | 2,572 | 5,006 | 17 | 83 | ... | ... | 200 | 40 |
| ✓ 9 | Baldwin High School for *Boys'* | 64 | 51 | 43 | 720 | 2,366 | 1,306 | 4,392 | 13 | 87 | ... | ... | 150 | 60 |
| 10 | Do do Middle do for *Girls'* | 75 | 68 | 66 | 480 | 2,416 | 796 | 3,688 | 15 | 85 | ... | ... | 60 | 35 |
| | | | | | | | | | 46 | ... | | | | |
| ✓ 11 | Convent School High *Girls'* ... | 69 | 70 | 64 | 1,200 | 1,400 | ... | 2,600 | 11 | 89 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| ✓ 12 | St. Francis Xavier's *Girls'* School ... | 131 | 118 | 96 | 276 | 877 | 1,367 | 2,510 | 54 | 46 | ... | ... | 50 | 45 |
| ✓ 13 | St. John's School for *Boys'*... | 35 | 34 | 28 | 734 | 315 | 306 | 1,355 | 51 | 49 | ... | ... | 60 | 15 |
| 14 | Do do *Girls'*... | 105 | 109 | 95 | 1,066 | 698 | 333 | 2,097 | 52½ | 47½ | ... | ... | 50 | 20 |
| | | | | | | | | | 33 | 67 | | | | |
| ✓ 15 | St. Patrick's School *Boys'* ... ... | 104 | 108 | 78 | 960 | 60 | 1,596 | 2,616 | 41 | 59 | ... | ... | 45 | 20 |
| ✓ 16 | Wesleyan English *Girls'* School ... | 54 | 49 | 45 | 720 | 947 | 100 | 1,767 | 80 | 20 | ... | ... | 80 | 20 |
| 17 | Bangalore Cantonment Orphanage *mixed Boys and Girls* ... | 52 | 51 | 51 | *1,200 | ... | 297 | 1,497 | 45 | 55 | ... | Superintend a teach | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 39 | 61 | ... | ... | 30 | 20 |
| 18 | St. Andrew's Poor School *Boys & Girls* ... | 62 | 48 | 56 | *360 | 25 | 419 | 804 | 80 | 20 | ... | ... | 60 | 15 |
| 19 | St. Mary's School *Boys* ... ... | 150 | 173 | 115 | 840 | 172 | 1,122 | 2,134 | 39 | 61 | ... | ... | 20 | 8-9-4 |
| 20 | Wesleyan *Girl's* Boarding Tamil School... | 52 | 53 | 47 | 600 | 141 | ... | 741 | 80 | 20 | ... | ... | 21 | 10 |
| ✓ 21 | Chaturveda Siddhanta Sabah *Boy's* School ... ... ... | 122 | 135 | 113 | 600 | 363 | 125 | 1,088 | 55 | 45 | ... | ... | 26 | 20 |
| 22 | Wesleyan School Dharma Raya Street *Boys* ... ... ... | 224 | 197 | 155 | 540 | 949 | ... | 1,489 | 36 | 64 | ... | ... | 21 | 10 |
| 23 | Lutheran Mission Boarding *Boys and Girls mixed* school ... ... | 71 | 56 | 42 | *250 | 9 | 589 | 847 | 20 | 80 | Tamil Sec. | | 15 | 9 |
| 24 | Hindu *Balika* Patasala *Girls* ... | 223 | 217 | 135 | 600 | 271 | ... | 871 | 70 | 30 | Telugu Sec. | | 8 | 5 |
| 25 | St. Paul's School for *Boys* ... ... | 35 | 41 | 28 | 240 | 92 | 315 | 647 | 37 | 63 | ... | ... | 20 | 12 |
| 26 | St. Paul's School for *Girls* ... ... | 36 | 31 | 21 | *120 | 7 | 220 | 347 | 31 | 69 | ... | ... | 10 | 8 |
| 27 | Wesleyan Mutucherri School *Boys* ... | 67 | 90 | 65 | *180 | 89 | 328 | 597 | 30 | 70 | ... | ... | 20 | 10-5 |
| 28 | Do Shulay School for *Boys* ... | 100 | 105 | 79 | *144 | 110 | 197 | 449 | 32 | 68 | ... | ... | 10 | 10 |
| 29 | Do School for *Boys*, Knoxpettah... | 52 | 60 | 42 | *96 | 9 | 75 | 180 | 53 | 47 | ... | ... | 8 | 4 |
| 30 | Do do General Bazaar *Boys*... | 47 | 43 | 49 | *96 | 59 | 221 | 376 | 26 | 74 | ... | ... | 10 | 8 |
| 31 | Do do Artillery lines *Boys* ... | 53 | 53 | 40 | *96 | 6 | 127 | 229 | 41 | 59 | ... | ... | 13½ | 5 |
| 32 | Do do Cavalry lines *Boys* ... | 49 | 55 | 39 | *120 | 11 | 114 | 245 | 49 | 51 | ... | ... | 12 | 6-13- |
| 33 | Do do *Gilr's* School *Girls* ... | 74 | 55 | 56 | *240 | ... | 525 | 765 | 31 | 69 | ... | ... | 12½ | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | 46 | 54 | | | | |
| 34 | Do do do Shulay *Girls* ... | 55 | 36 | 42 | *240 | ... | 405 | 645 | 38 | 62 | ... | ... | 10 | 8 |
| 35 | Do do Narrain Pillay Street *Girls* ... ... | 100 | 72 | 65 | *600 | ... | 533 | 1,133 | 53 | 47 | ... | ... | 18 | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | 47 | 53 | | | | |
| 36 | Queen's Own Sappers and Miner's *Girls'* School ... ... ... | 50 | 54 | 41 | *120 | ... | 181 | 301 | 39 | 61 | ... | ... | 6½ | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | 25 | 75 | | | | |
| 37 | Appavu Pillay's Girls' School ... | 65 | 63 | 35 | *180 | ... | 205 | 385 | 47 | 53 | ... | ... | 10 | 8 |
| 38 | Madrissai Khudusia *Boys* ... ... | 107 | 106 | 76 | 600 | 67 | 1,547 | 2,224 | 27 | 73 | ... | ... | 35 | 25 |
| 39 | Madrissa-i-Islamiah *Boys* ... ... | 115 | 65 | 85 | 600 | 56 | 510 | 1,166 | 51 | 49 | ... | ... | 22 | 18 |
| 40 | Broadway Hindustani School *Boys* ... | 65 | 66 | 62 | †*165 | 30 | ... | 195 | 85 | 15 | ... | ... | 10 | 3 |
| 41 | Madrissai Humayun *Boys* ... ... | 45 | 40 | 31 | *243 | 17 | ... | 260 | 93 | 7 | ... | ... | 12 | 3 |
| 42 | Commissariat Hindustani School *Boys* ... | 29 | 27 | 20 | *102 | ... | 100 | 202 | 50 | 50 | ... | ... | 17 | ... |
| 43 | Hindustani *Girls'* School, Cantonment ... | 55 | 59 | 39 | *300 | ... | 284 | 584 | 51 | 49 | ... | ... | 7 | 6 |
| 44 | Do do Shulay ... | 34 | 36 | 24 | *300 | ... | 124 | 422 | 71 | 29 | ... | ... | 8 | 7 |
| 45 | Madrissai Nisvan *Girls* ... ... | 80 | 76 | 50 | *600 | 100 | 510 | 1,210 | 49 | 51 | ... | ... | 14 | 12 |

* Municipal funds. † Grant for 11 months.

| Establishment. | | | | | | | | | | | | | Scale of fees. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Principal. | Professors. | Head Master or Mistress. | 1st Assistant. | 2nd do | 3rd do | 4th do | 5th do | 6th do | Munshis. | Writers and Peons. | All other menial servants. | Total. | Senior F. A. | Junior F. A. | Matriculation. | Pre-Matric. | VII Standard. | VI do | V do | IV do | III do | II do | I do | Infants. | Remarks. |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 |
| Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | |
| 500 | 200 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | .... | 700 | 10 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | A reduction is made for more than one of a family. Also for any student who cannot pay full fees. |
| ... | ... | 65 | 50 | 20 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | 37 | 59-8 | 231-8 | ... | ... | 7 | ... | 5 | ... | 5 | 4 | 4 | ... | 3 | ... | |
| ... | ... | 150 | 60 | 30 | 40 | 20 | 15 | 15 | ... | ... | ... | 330 | ... | ... | 6 | ... | 6 | ... | 5 | 4 | 4 | ... | ... | ... | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1251-8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 70 | 8 Professors on Rs. 70 per mensem each, and 1 on Rs. 250 per mensem. | | | | | | | | ... | ... | ... | 880 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2⅓ | 2 | 1½ | 1½ | 1¼ | 1 as. | 1 as. | 1 as. | ... | For Europeans and Eurasians. |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 17 | 20 | 12 | 8 | 52 | 7 | 14 | 130 | ... | ... | 2 | 2⅓ | 1 | 1 | ¾ | ½ | 6 | 6 | 6 | ... | For Natives. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 1010 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | 150 | 90 | 50 | 40 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7 | 4½ | 341⅓ | ... | ... | 5 | 5 | 4½ | 4 | 3½ | 3 | 2½ | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| ... | ... | 125 | 50 | 35 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 10 | ... | 7 | 4½ | 291½ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | 200 | 40 | 20 | 15 | 14 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | 11 | 310 | ... | ... | 6 | ... | 5 | 4 | ... | 3 | 2 | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 150 | 60 | 25 | 25 | ... | ... | 15 | ... | 15 | 3 | 478 | ... | ... | 6 | 5½ | 5 | 4½ | 4 | 3½ | 3 | 2½ | 2 | 1¼ | |
| ... | ... | 60 | 35 | 25 | 20 | 13 | 32 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | The members of the staff being sisters of a religious order, receive no fixed salaries for their services. |
| ... | ... | 50 | 45 | 30 | 20 | 15 | 5 | ... | ... | 12 | 10 | 187 | ... | ... | 5 | ... | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| ... | ... | 60 | 15 | 10 | 8 | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | 10 | 103 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | 2 | 1½ | 1½ | 1 | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 50 | 20 | 10 | 30 | 12 | 8 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 130 | ... | .. | .. | ... | 2 | 2 | 1½ | 1½ | 1 | ½ | ½ | ... | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 233 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | 45 | 20 | 12 | 20 | 8 | ... | ... | ... | 6 | 5 | 116 | ... | ... | .. | ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ½ | ½ | ½ | ½ | |
| ... | ... | 80 | 20 | 20 | 15 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 7½ | 2½ | 145 | ... | ... | .. | ... | 4½ | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2½ | 2 | ... | |
| ... | Superintendent on Rs. 40 p. m. and a teacher on Rs. 25 p. m. | | | | | | | | ... | ... | ... | 65 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | as. | as. | as. | as. | as. | as. | |
| ... | ... | 30 | 20 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2½ | 52-2 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| ... | ... | 60 | 15 | 12 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | ... | ... | 8 | 116 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ½ | ¼ | ¼ | 2 | 1 | 1 | ½ | ... | |
| ... | ... | 20 | 8-9-4 | 6 | 6 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | ... | 42-8 | ... | ... | .. | The same fee of half a rupee is charged in all the classes. | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | 21 | 10 | 2 on 8 Rs. each. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 17 | ... | 7-12 | 97-12 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ⅞ | ¾ | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 | |
| ... | ... | 26 | 20 | 15 | 3 on Rs. 10 each. | ... | 6 | 2 on Rs. 7 each. | 3 | 7 | 2 | 123 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ¾ | 12 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 4&2 | |
| ... | ... | 21 | 10 | 11 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 52 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | |
| Tamil Sec. | | 15 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | 10½ | 86 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | |
| Telugu Sec. | | 8 | 5 | 3½ | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ... | ... | 20 | 12 | 10 | 7 | 6 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 56 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ¾ | 10 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 | ... | |
| ... | ... | 10 | 8 | 5 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 23 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 | | |
| ... | ... | 20 | 10-5-4 | 7 | 5 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1½ | 44 | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2&1 | |
| ... | ... | 10 | 10 | 9 | 7½ | 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 41½ | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2or 1 | |
| ... | ... | 8 | 4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ¼ | 12¼ | ... | ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 1 | ... | ... | ½ | |
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| ... | ... | 13½ | 5½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ¼ | 19¼ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ½ | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 12 | 6-13-4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 3 as. | 19 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | ½ | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 12½ | 10½ | 7 | 5 | a Superintendent on Rs. 20 per mensem. | | | ... | ... | 3-12 | 58-12 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 10 | 8 | 5 | 20 | do | | do | ... | ... | 3-4 | 46-4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 18 | 7 | 7½ | 4 | 4 do on Rs. 40 per mensem. | | | ... | ... | 9-14 | 90-6 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 6½ | 4 | 6 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 26½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | as. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 10 | 8 | 5½ | 4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2-3 | 29-12 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 35 | 25 | 15 | 10 | 11 | 4 | ... | ... | ... | 9 | 109 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | ½ | ... | ... | In the Mahomedan schools very low fees are charged because of the very backward condition of Mahomedans. |
| ... | ... | 22 | 18 | 14 | 14 | 10 | 6½ | ... | ... | ... | 10-9 | 95 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 10 | 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 13 as. | 13-13 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| ... | ... | 12 | 3 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ½ | 15½ | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 1 | 1 | ½ | |
| ... | ... | 17 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 17 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 7 | 6 | 6 | 6 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 20-4 | 45-4 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 8 | 7 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 12-10 | 27-10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | |
| ... | ... | 14 | 12 | 10 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 22 | 22-8 | 80-8 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | |

No. 178C, Camp Bangalore, the 8th September 1891.

From—Perre Mersiner Esq., Acting Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

I have the honor to report on St. Andrew's Boy's school which I examined on the 12th August 1891.

2. *Examination Results.*

| Forms. | Strength. | Examined. | Percentage of passes to No. examined. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| VI. Matriculation ... | 7 | 6 | Tested only in reading and recitation. | Appears for the University examination. |
| V. Pre-matriculation ... | 5 | 5 | 40 | 1 First class. |
| II. ... ... | 9 | 9 | 78 | 5 First do. |
| I. ... ... | 22 | 21 | 43 | 9 Do. |
| Class IV ... ... | 12 | 10 | 80 | All do. |
| Do IIIf ... ... | 12 | 10 | 70 | 5 Do. |
| Total..... | 67 | 61 | ... | ... |

3. *Comparative Tables.*—These shew the results of a few of the schools side by side with St. Andrew's. In July last, the pupils of these schools sat to the same printed questions in all subjects, save in reading and recitation in which they were afterwards taken.

| Schools. | Form II. Percentage of passes to No. examined. | Form I. Percentage of passes to No. examined. | Remarks. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Baldwin Boys ... ... | 56 | ... | |
| Do Girls ... ... | No. II Form | 14 | Those pupils who absented themselves are not considered. |
| St. Andrew's Boys ... ... | 78 | 43 | |
| Do Girls ... ... | 11 | ... | |
| Bishop Cotton's Boys ... ... | 25 | ... | |
| Do Girls ... ... | 40 | 63 | |
| Convent of the Good Shepherd ... | 50 | 38 | |

4. Mr. Marsden considered that the Arithmetic set this year was more difficult than that of last year.

I noted at the time that the pupils of this school read and recited very well and were prompt in map-pointing.

Map-drawing and other home exercises as well as copy-writing require more attention.

I consider that the masters have done good work, and have gone through a successful school-year notwithstanding the difficulties they have had to meet with in the paucity of teachers and the changes in the staff. There are only 4 masters to do the work in 7 classes.

5. *Financial.*—The total expenditure for the year ending the 31st March was Rs. 5,225—6—7 and the income from fees Rs. 2,903. There is no library. Some more science apparatus for science teaching are needed. The Secretary, however, hopes to do something this year in this direction for he is applying for a half grant towards the purchase of apparatus and furniture.

6. *Strength and Attendance.*—The number on the rolls at my inspection was a little higher than that of the previous year. The higher classes are stronger but still weak. The attendance for 1890—91 was very fair.

7. *Physical Exercise.*—Attention is paid to out-door exercise by the masters who, I believe, take part in cricket. More benefit would be derived if more time were devoted to gymnastic exercises. The salary of the gymnastic instructor Rs. 10 is small, and is met by a special fee of 2 annas per boy.

8. *Tone and Discipline.*—I have great pleasure in reporting very favorably on this heading throughout the school.

9. A tabular inspection report is forwarded with my report from which will be seen how each class acquitted itself in the various subjects.

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# Note on the grants to the schools in the Civil and Military Station.

—○:o:○—

I have read through the papers relating to the re-arrangement of grants to schools in the Civil and Military Station, and carefully considered the question.

2. I am strongly of opinion that as regards Bishop Cotton's and St. Andrew's, the best arrangement would now be to amalgamate the two institutions, lump their grants together for the benefit of both, and provide for the employment, if possible, of all the masters and mistresses, or at least the majority of them, in the new staff to be formed.

3. The defect in both these schools at present is that there are too few pupils in nearly every class of each and too few teachers for the number of classes. On the average there is only one teacher for two classes.

4. By the arrangement proposed there would be good strong classes in the combined institution and a teacher for each class. The income from the combined grant and fees would be large. All the teachers would be provided for.

5. If once the amalgamation were agreed to, details might be worked out. There would of course be some slight difficulties, but not, I think, such as would be found insuperable.

6. The Warden would of course retain his position. Mr. Atkinson might be termed Head Master of the high school and his pay which is only 150 (and is I think insufficient) raised to Rs. 200 so as to place him on an equality with Mr. Flynn (the First Assistant at Bishop Cotton's) whose pay is Rs. 200, and as some compensation for the loss of the independent position he now holds as Head Master of St. Andrew's high school. He should also be permitted to take boarders. This he now does and Mr. Flynn enjoys the same privilege. The second assistant at St. Andrew's is a B. A. in Latin and Physical Science. His pay is 90. This I would raise to Rs. 100. He would do very well as an assistant to the Warden in the college department. His two special subjects are precisely those for which there is no proper teacher in Bishop Cotton's.

7. The chief difficulty would no doubt be with the two Head Mistresses, Miss Gow and Mrs. Houlstan. Both are very good and neither would (I think) consent to be placed under the other. If either were made Head Mistress, the other would probably resign. A possible way out of the difficulty might be to drop the term Head Mistress altogether and call Miss Gow, Professor or Lecturer in Mathematics and Mrs. Houlstan, Lecturer in English, giving both the same pay and position. The fact that there is a Warden of both boys and girls schools would somewhat lessen the difficulty as he is the responsible head of the whole institution and discharges some of the functions of Head Master.

8. As regards the building in which St. Andrew's school is now held, it might be utilized for a Primary school. Primary classes might still be held there, for the benefit of the little boys and girls who lived in the neighbourhood.

9. The chief difficulty hitherto felt is that Bishop Cotton's has been regarded as a Church of England school, and it is generally supposed that there is religious teaching in accordance with the principles and tenets of the Church of England. Presbyterians and non-conformists do not care to have their children taught doctrines, and practices which they do not approve of. They form a very strong body in Bangalore and consider that they have a right to a grant-in-aid from government to a high school of their own in which the teaching is not denominational.

Both the church and non-conformist parties appear to object to a strictly secular high school, with no religious teaching at all. If it were not for this objection, there would be no difficulty.

The question is whether the constitution of Bishop Cotton's school cannot be altered, and, if so, whether it should not be altered, in consideration of the fact that

it is in financial difficulties and has never flourished under its present constitution and of the great advantages it would reap by the proposed alteration.

10. So far as I can see, there would not be much difficulty in widening the constitution of Bishop Cotton's school, so as to allow of non-conformists attending it.

The rules regarding its constitution appear to have been made by the general committee. If so, the same committee can alter these rules.

Considering the large grant the school gets from government, which grant is to be raised still higher, the committee ought to be guided to a great extent, by the views of the Resident.

11. The alterations I would suggest are:—

1. The elimination of the words "Church of England" in rule I, after the words "general committee of management,
2. The placing on the committee of the resident chaplain of the Church of Scotland ex-officio.
3. The addition of a rule that in consideration of the government grant, the nomination of half the members be left to the Resident.

12. I would also suggest that among others the Resident nominate,

Mr. Cook of the Central College—Presbyterian.

Mr. Rice, Presbyterian.

Mr. Hacken, President of the Wesleyan Conference.

I think the nomination of the last gentleman would conciliate dissenters and induce them to send their children to Bishop Cotton's. The Wesleyans are a very strong body in Bangalore. At the same time, the church party might object to him, though they might not object to, the other two and the main object of the change would be to introduce representatives of the Presbyterians, in consideration of the amalgamation of St. Andrew's with Bishop Cotton's. It might be advisable to nominate all the present members of St. Andrew's committee.

13. It would simplify matters and add greatly to the popularity of the institution if the committee were in a liberal and broad minded way to welcome the representatives of non-conformist bodies as additions to their number and endeavour so to frame and word their rules as to attract the children of parents of all denominations. They should be made to feel that they are at home in Bishop Cotton's and not merely tolerated from motives of expediency.

14. In Madras, the Doveton college, which has been a great success, is managed by a committee in which gentlemen of all denominations are freely admitted. The present Principal, the Roverend E. Davies M. A., is a clergyman of the Church of England, and the incumbent of a church in Madras, but there is nothing sectarian or denominational in the management, nor in the teaching. The consequence is that this college is attended by boys of all denominations. If Bishop Cotton's school were placed on a similar basis, it would be at least twice as strong as it now is.

15. The present time is, I think, most opportune for making a change of this kind. Bishop Gell is respected and esteemed by all denominations and would not, I should think, object to the admission of non-conformists to the committee of management and the present Chaplains in Bangalore, if I do not mistake, are all men of liberal views and open at least to argument.

16. The whole question of grants-in-aid having come up, and radical changes being proposed, it would be well once for all to place Bishop Cotton's school on a thoroughly firm and satisfactory basis. If the present opportunity be let slip, it may never recur again.

17. As regards the teaching now carried on in Bishop Cotton's school there is nothing, so far as I can see, sectarian about it. The church catechism is *not* taught. There is a short lesson from the Bible. The *boarders* those of them, who belong to the Church of England, attend the church, but if there should be any of a different denomination, they would be free to attend their own place of worship.

The Warden is a layman, not a clergyman.

18. The argument of the Presbyterians and Dissenters, however, is that although there may be nothing sectarian in the teaching in the school *now*, there is no guarantee that with a Warden of high church views, there might not be a

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*Dated 16th November 1891.*

change. If St. Andrew's school were abolished, there would be no school to which they could conscientiously send their children. There is something in this, and I therefore propose the changes I have mentioned above in paragraphs 11 and 12.

19. The change I advocate would probably place the finances of the school on a so much firmer basis that the committee would be able, with the assistance of government, to provide a new building for the Girls' school. The present building is a disgrace to the school and to all concerned. In the present state of the finances, the committee is helpless.

20. If the two schools were amalgamated, as I suggest, there would no longer be any necessity for abolishing the college department. The combined staff would be quite strong enough to work school and college together, and the attendance in the college department would be probably higher. This ought to be a strong argument to the church party to agree to the change.

21. In case the arrangement, I suggest, cannot be made, I can only say that I still think the *best* arrangement would be for the reasons given in my former letter (from Bombay).

1. To abolish the college department of Bishop Cotton's.

2. To abolish the high school department of St. Andrew's.

But as the committees of both institutions are very strongly against these measures, the Resident may feel inclined not to insist upon them. I think, however, that if these departments are to be retained, the grants should only be given on the condition that at Bishop Cotton's at least two additional masters, graduates of the Madras University, should be appointed on Rs. 150 and Rs. 100 each, and at St. Andrew's two additional masters on Rs. 60 and Rs. 40.

I had written the above after seeing Mr. Cook on Friday. I gathered from what he said, that he considered the amalgamation feasable. I met him and Mr. Stevenson (the Chaplain of St. Andrew's) by appointment last night (Sunday) and had a long discussion of the situation with them.

Mr. Cook thinks that from a theoretical and purely educational point of view, it would be much better to have one good, strong, well equipped high school, than two institutions, both of them comparatively weak. He seems somewhat doubtful however whether, in the peculiar circumstances of the case, the scheme would be practicable.

Mr. Stevenson is very strongly opposed to any amalgamation for the various reasons given in his letters to the Resident on the subject. In addition to them, he thinks competition a good thing.

To sum up, my scheme is of course conditional on the hearty acquiescence of both St. Andrew's and Bishop Cotton's committees. If this cannot be obtained, things will be in *statu quo*.

I beg to refer to my alternative suggestions in paragraph 21 above. I am quite convinced that with the exception of St. Andrew's school and possibly of the Wesleyan Tamil Girls' Boarding school (the grant to which I understand, the Resident is inclined to continue at the former rate) all the other reductions should be adhered to, particularly the withdrawal of aid from the Baldwin and St. Mark's schools.

As regards the reduction in standard of St. Andrew's from the high to the middle, and of Bishop Cotton's from the college to the high, although from an educational point of view, they are highly advisable, I am, after considering all the circumstances and the various objections that have been urged by both committees, inclined to recommend that these changes be not insisted on. But the grant should, I think, be made conditional on the strengthening of the staff as suggested in paragraph 21 above, and the committees might, if the Resident approve, be informed that *for the present* the reduction in standard will not be insisted on, but that the question will again be considered in two years' time, and if the results in the meantime have not been satisfactory, the standard must then be lowered.

*Dated 16th November 1891.*

E. MARSDEN.

No. 312, dated Bangalore, the 16th November 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A, Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

I have the honor to return letter dated November 14th from the Rev. Mr. Hocken and letter dated 14th November from Messrs. Hocken and Burnet with the following observations.

2. On the general question of retaining one high school for non-conformists in Bangalore in addition to Bishop Cotton's, I beg to refer to my note of this day's date, in the file relating to grants to schools in the Civil and Military Station. Mr. Hocken's suggestion to place Bishop Cotton's under a representative committee is precisely what I suggest. If this cannot be done and there is to be *one* additional high school—there is certainly no room for more than one—there cannot, I think, be a doubt that from every point of view St. Andrew's ought to be that one and not the Baldwin school.

3. As regards a Code for Bangalore, I shall be happy to submit a draft, if the Resident wish me to do so, but beg that work may be postponed to next June, as I shall be exceedingly busy in my Madras districts the next few months.

4. As regards the Wesleyan Girls' school, the committee say they are prepared to reduce the standard of the school, from the 31st December, but add that it is quite impossible to keep up even a good elementary school with a grant of Rs. 30, and pray that a grant of Rs. 50 may be given.

5. According to the latest Inspection Report, the attendance was as follows:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| From | VI | .. 0 | |
| | V | .. 0 | |
| | IV | .. 2 | total 2 in the high department. |
| | III | .. 0 | |
| | II | .. 3 | |
| | I | .. 0 | total 3 in the middle department. |
| Class | IV | .. 11 | |
| Class | III | .. 0 | |
| Class | II | .. 10 | |
| Class | I | .. 4 | |
| Infant | | ... 12 | total 37 in the primary department. |

6. Thus it will be seen that there were only 5 pupils in the high and middle departments together, and 37 in the primary department.

7. The rate of fee in the high department is put down at Rs. 4—8—0 per mensem and that in the middle department at Rs. 4 per mensem. Hence the total collection from fees in these two departments for the year is Rs. 4—8—0×2×12 =Rs. 108
and Rs. 4×3×12= „ 144
Total Rs. 252

8. The Staff consists of:—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Head Mistress on Rs. | 80×12=960 |
| 1 | Assistant on Rs. | 20×12=240 |
| 1 | do | 20×12=240 |
| 1 | do | 20×12=240 |

9. My recommendation was that the school should be reduced to the primary standard.

10. It is evident that when this is done the same staff need not be kept up. If the last Mistress on Rs. 20 be dispensed with (she has only a service of 8 months, having been appointed very recently) there will be a saving on her salary of Rs. 240, which is about the same amount Rs. 252 as shewn above, that would be lost by the abolition of the high and middle departments.

11. The additional loss would only be the difference between the old grant of Rs. 60 and the reduced grant of Rs. 30, *i e.*, Rs. 30 per mensem=Rs. 30×12=360 per annum. This might be made up by reducing the salary of the Head Mistress from Rs. 80 to Rs. 50 which is sufficient for the Head Mistress of a Primary school of less than 40 pupils.

12. There would, of course, be some hardship involved in this reduction of salary, but this is unavoidable in all reductions. If the Head Mistress could find other employment, there would be no difficulty in filling her place by a qualified Mistress on Rs. 50 or even on Rs. 40.

13. It is obvious that it is a waste of money to maintain high and middle departments of such a very weak school. The pupils can easily attend St. Andrew's school which is not very far off and which Messrs. Hocken and Burnet say they have no objection to. In fact it is largely attended by boys and girls of the Wesleyan denomination.

14. The government has to consider the question of economy.

*There is no Wesleyan Boys' school* (for Europeans) *in Bangalore.* Where do the brothers of the girls in this school go? It is one of the strongest arguments urged by St. Andrew's committee that brothers and sisters go to the same school, and that if the high school department of their Boys' school should be abolished, they would lose the girls who are sisters of the boys in that department, as well as the boys, because all of the same family like to go to the same school, both to save bandy hire and because there is always a reduction on several pupils from the same family.

If this argument of the St. Andrew's committee be correct, it would be a positive boon to the girls in the Wesleyan school to go to the same school which their brothers go to—either St. Andrew's or Bishop Cotton's.

15. As for the fees on which Messrs. Hocken and Burnet lay such stress, there is a slight but not much difference between them. The two classes to be abolished are the IV and II forms. The fees are :—

| | IV. | II. |
|---|---|---|
| St. Andrew's | 5—4—0 | 4—4—0 |
| Wesleyan | 4—8—0 | 4—0—0 |

There is only a difference of annas 12 in the upper, and of annas 4 in the lower class.

16. The difference for the whole year would be, for the 5 pupils in the high and middle departments,

annas 12×2=1— 8—0
annas 4×3=0—12—0

2— 4—0 per mensem or 12×Rs. 2—4—0 =Rs. 27 per annum.

It would be far more economical for the committee to pay this trifling amount out of school funds or the poor fund than to maintain as Mistress on Rs. 80 per mensem or Rs. 960 per annum to teach these five children.

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No. 294 B. O., dated Bangalore, the 8th December 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., B. A, Inspector of schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
To—The First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

Has the honor to enquire whether the grant for the St. Andrew's Boys' school, Bangalore, may be continued at Rs. 200 per mensem. There has been no order to that effect sent to this office. The favour of an early reply is requested.

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No. 3894—321'89, dated Bangalore, the 18th December 1891.

Copy (letter No. 2925—321-9 dated the 29th September 1891, to the Manager, St. Andrew's schools) forwarded to the Inspector of schools, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, for information, with reference to his No. 294 B. O., dated the 8th December 1891.

CHAS: W. RAVENSHAW,
*First Assistant Resident.*

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(Demi Official.)

Dated Bangalore, the 19th December 1891,

From—Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—E. Marsden, Esq., B. A, Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

The Resident has accepted your alternative proposal as regards the St. Andrew's school, and has authorized its continuing to teach up to the higher standard conditionally to the appointment of two extra teachers on Rs. 60 and 40 a month respectively.

He would still like to have your opinion regarding the bonus and the amount to be given to the lady teachers of the Bishop Cotton's school and also regarding the reduction of fees for Bishop Cotton's.

We have sounded the Bishop of Madras on the question of re-constituting the committee of Bishop Cotton's, and making it a more representative committee. Matters are not ripe for taking any steps to amalgamate Bishop Cotton's and St. Andrew's. We must first re-constitute the committee of Bishop Cotton's and, by getting representative members of other schools and denominations on the committee, the way would be gradually paved for the amalgamation in the future of the two schools.

I send you a memo attached shewing the funds from which I think a bonus to the lady teachers might be obtained, and I shall await an early communication from you.

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(Enclosure.)

Statement shewing the probable amount available from 1st April to 1st December 1891 in the allotment for grants-in-aid to school under "22 education" in the budget estimates of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the year 1891—92 consequent on the withdrawal and reduction of grants to certain schools in the station.

| | | | Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|
| St. Mark's school ... ... ... | 70×8 | = | 560 |
| Baldwin schools ... ... ... ... | 100×8 | = | 800 |
| Wesleyan Tamil Boarding school ... ... | 20×8 | = | 160 |
| St. Mary's Anglo-Vernacular school ... ... | 20×8 | = | 160 |
| Wesleyan Girls' school ... ... ... | 30×8 | = | 240 |
| St. John's Boys and Girls school ... ... | 25×8 | = | 200 |
| | Amount available..... | | 2,120 |

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(Demi Official.)

Dated Cannanore, the 25th December 1891.

From—E. Marsden Esq., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To—Chas. W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

In reply to yours of the 19th December, received to-day.

Considering how B. Cotton's school is hampered by its debt to the Mysore Government and the great relief that would be afforded by the speedy wiping out of the debt, I would be inclined to recommend that the whole of the savings on Rs. 2,120 be devoted to that purpose. The school could claim a half grant from Imperial funds on Rs. 1,060, so that in all Rs. 2,120+1,060=Rs. 3,180 would be paid off. This would reduce the debt materially and also the annual interest payable on it.

If however the Resident thinks that a bonus should anyhow be paid, the usual rule followed in mercantile establishments might be adopted and a bonus of a month's pay given to each mistress. I have not the file of the school with us in camp, but the exact amount being the aggregate of the salaries of the mistresses may easily be ascertained by writing to the Warden Mr. Williams. The balance of the savings, after paying this bonus, might be applied to a reduction of the debt.

Against a bonus there is this to be said, that if it be once given, the mistresses will expect it every year and think they have a grievance if it be not paid—or their salaries increased.

The idea of reducing the fees at B. Cotton's had never occurred to me before. It is a question which needs very careful consideration, for the income of the school depends largely on the fees and any reduction would only be justified by a corresponding increase in the number of pupils so that the total income from this source might not be affected. The petitioners made a strong point no doubt of the fact that higher fees are paid at B. Cotton's than elsewhere, but they were naturally eager to press into their service every argument they could think of. Whether any more children would be attracted to B. Cotton's by a reduction in the scale of fees, is, I think, doubtful.

In any case, the fees ought not, I think, to be reduced lower than those now charged at St. Andrew's school. The scale adopted at the Baldwin schools is much too low and is indeed intended to meet the necessities of a lower class of children than those who attend B. Cotton's schools. It might be well to consult the Warden on the point and ascertain from him what the precise financial effect would be of immediately assimilating the rates of fees at B. Cotton's to those charged at St. Andrew's.

If the fees are to be reduced, the new year would be a good time to make the change. The fact of a reduction should I think be advertized in the Mail and the local papers.

---

(Demi Official.)

Dated Bangalore, the 9th January 1892.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—E. Marsden Esq., B. A, Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

I have your D. O., letter of the 25th December 1891. The Resident is not disposed to favour your proposal to utilize any balance of grants-in-aid due to the Bishop Cotton's school towards the liquidation of its debt to the Mysore Government, and he has decided to give a bonus of a month's pay, as a special case, to each of the lady teachers at Bishop Cotton's school.

Sir Harry would like to know whether, in your opinion, Bishop Cotton's school can work up to the college standard, and what masters will be required if it remains a college, and if they are procurable within a reasonable time? Mr. Acheson Williams called on me the other day and told me that they had secured one master.

Again, with regard to the new University rules, do these admit of the scholars of Bishop Cotton's school or college being accepted up to the college standard? I have written to the Warden regarding the matter of the reduction of fees.

Supposing that the receipts for teaching become larger from an increase in number of pupils, what provision should be made for sharing the profits, as from the conditions under which the Warden draws his pay, he might apparently claim it all. Sir Harry Prendergast is in favour of allowing the institution to remain as a college, if it can be done. Can you let me know what has been the result of the late examinations?

With reference to St. Andrew's school, do your remarks in paragraph 21 of your memorandum dated the 16 November 1891, to the effect that two additional masters—one on sixty and one on forty—be entertained conditionally to its continuance as a high school, apply to the whole school, and that one teacher in each department, *viz.*, boys, and girls' school, will meet the requirements, or are both the additional teachers to be used in the boys' school? I understand that one new teacher for each department is what you meant.

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(Demi official.)

Dated Mangalore, the 16th January 1892.

From—E. Marsden Esq., Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

To—Captain, Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

In reply to your letter of the 9th January, received yesterday.

The bonus bills will be consolidated as soon as received as directed.

If Bishop Cotton's is to remain a college, I think 3 additional masters should be appointed.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 on Rs. | ... | ... | .... | ... 150 |
| 1 „ | .. | ... | ... | ... 100 |
| 1 „ | ... | ... | .... | ... 50 |

Under the old rules, two more masters were wanted, and the new rules have made an additional class necessary.

Whether men properly qualified can be obtained I cannot say. I would suggest an advertisement in the Madras Mail.

A good arrangement would be to get a good classic out from home and give him the incumbency of All Saint's Church with an allowance of Rs. 200 a month from the college.

I am writing officially regarding the recognition by the Madras University of Bishop Cotton's and other schools in Bangalore.

The results of the late examinations are not published yet and will probably not be out for about a fortnight.

It is my impression that by the new agreement the committee lately made with the Warden, his salary is fixed at Rs. 500. If this is so, he cannot get anything more, whatever the income of the school may be. Under the old agreement, he could claim more. A reference to the agreement would settle this point. If the income of the school should increase from increased attendance, I would suggest that an additional mistress should be appointed and the salaries of the mistresses now employed, raised.

When I suggested that two additional masters should be employed in St. Andrew's school, I referred entirely to the boys' department under the old rules, the number of masters was insufficient, and by the new rules, an additional class has to be made in the high school department. At least two more masters will be wanted, as there will be 3 classes in the high and 3 classes in the middle, and at least 2 in the primary department.

An additional mistress is also wanted in the girls' school, if that school is to teach up to the Matriculation standard. The difficulty might be got over by girls and boys being taught together in some subjects.

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No. 521—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 15th February 1892.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore

I am directed to inform you that with effect from the 15th October 1891, the grant-in-aid to the Bishop Cotton's schools and college will be increased from Rs. 470 to Rs. 700 per mensem.

2. The increased grant will be met from savings effected by the withdrawal from, and reduction in, from the 1st April 1891, the monthly grants-in-aid to other schools in the Civil and Military Station.

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No. 522—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 15th February 1892.

Extract of paragraph 1 forwarded to the Secretary of the Committee of the Bishop Cotton's schools and college, Bangalore, for information.

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No. 523—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 15th February 1892.

Copy forwarded to the Accountant General at Madras, for information.

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No. 524—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 15th February 1892.

Copy forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury, for information.

CHAS: W. RAVENSHAW, CAPTAIN,
*First Assistant Resident.*

---

No. 639—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 25th February 1892.

From—Captain Chas: W. Ravenshaw, First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

With reference to this office endorsements Nos. 3396—3219 and 3404—3219, dated the 10th October 1890, I am directed to inform you that the orders conveyed in the marginally noted *letters are cancelled. The Wesleyan Girls' school and the Wesleyan Tamil Boarding school, in the Civil and Military Station will draw, with effect from the 1st April 1891, grant-in-aid at the rate of Rs. 50 per mensem respectively.

* No. 3395—3219, dated the 10th October 1890, to the manager of the Wesleyan Girls' school.
No. 3403—3219, dated the 10th October 1890, to the manager, Wesleyan Tamil Boarding school.

2. The continuance of the grants after the 1st April 1893, at the rate now sanctioned, will be subject to a report to be submitted by you on the progress of the institutions during the next official year.

3. I am to ask that the orders now conveyed may be communicated at once to the managers of these schools, with a view to their drawing the grants-in-aid at the rate now sanctioned from 1st April 1891, before the current official year 1891—92 expires. If the difference of the grants-in-aid is not drawn before the 31st March 1892, it will lapse to government.

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No. 640—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 25th February 1892.

Extract of paragraph 1 forwarded to the Accountant General at Madras, for information with reference to this office endorsements Nos. 3398—3219 and 3406—3219, dated the 10th October 1890.

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No. 641—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 25th February 1892.

Extract of paragraph 1 forwarded to the Officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury, for information with reference to this office endorsements Nos. 3397—3219 and 3405—3219, dated the 10th October 1890.

CHAS: W. RAVENSHAW, CAPTAIN,
*First Assistant Resident.*

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No. 44 B. O., dated Udipi, the 23rd February 1892.

From—E. Marsden Esq., Inspector of Schools, Western Circle.

To—The First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

With reference to the above, has the honor to inquire whether a lump sum of Rs. (700—470) × 11 = 2530 (being additional grant from April 91 to February 1892) may be passed, or whether the bonus already passed to the mistresses should be deducted from this amount and the balance paid.

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(Telegram.)

No. 697—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 2nd March 1892.

From—The First Assistant Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.

To—The Inspector of Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Your letter No. 44 B. O., dated 23rd ultimo. Bill for bonus countersigned by you has been cancelled. Pass bill for total grant at Rs. 700 minus 470 per mensem already drawn. Bonus will be paid by Committee out of grant.

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RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

# *File No.* 321 *of* 1889.

## Aided Schools in the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore.

## CORRESPONDENCE WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

(TELEGRAM.)

Dated Calcutta, the 7th February 1891.

From—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, Calcutta.

To—The Resident in Mysore.

643 I., Please send early copy Marsden's report on Bangalore schools.

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No. 429—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 9th February 1891.

From—The Resident in Mysore.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

In reply to your telegram No. 643 I., dated the 7th instant, I have the honor to forward a copy of Mr. Marsden's report on the working of the schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

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No. 840—321-9, dated Bangalore, the 18th March 1891.

From—Colonel Sir Oliver St. John K. C. S. I., R. E., Resident in Mysore.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

I have the honour to inclose a Memorial, of which the memorialists have already submitted a copy direct, from the Managers of certain aided schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and other persons, to His Excellency the Viceroy. On its receipt you asked for the report of the Inspector of Schools, dated the 11th August 1891, on which the action complained of by the memorialists was founded. This was sent to you, and the Government of India is thus in possession of all the facts of the case, and of the reasons that induced me to redistribute the grants-in-aid among the schools of the Civil and Military Station. It is therefore unnecessary for me to do more than submit a few remarks on the memorial itself.

2. The question of the inferior "High School" education obtainable by Europeans and Eurasians in Bangalore was brought to my notice very soon after my arrival two years ago, notably by Colonel Hill, District and Sessions Judge, who has a lifelong experience of Bangalore, feels a warm interest in education, and is the leading member of the Scottish Presbyterian community, which has taken the principal part in the preparation and submission of this memorial. It was pointed out by him and by others, that the number of schools professing to afford education up to the higher standard was far in excess of the wants of the place, the consequence being that schools tried to outbid each other by taking lower fees, and were unable to afford a teaching staff of adequate capability. The remedy recommended was, to improve Bishop Cotton's school, which is a quasi-government institution, managed by a committee many of whom are ex-officio members, and less denominational than most of its rivals. After long deliberation I asked Mr. Marsden, Inspector of Schools, to examine and report on the subject. This he did in the letter, a copy of which was sent you on the 9th February 1891. His arguments appeared to me clear and convincing, and I took action accordingly.

3. Turning to the memorial, the Government of India will no doubt notice that its inspiration is to be found, less in the loss that will be sustained by the non-conformist schools, than in the benefit it is intended to confer on their Church of England rival, Bishop Cotton's school. Paragraph 5 shows this animus very clearly. The memorialists there point out the requirements of a single large school teaching up to the High School standard—that it should be undenominational, moderate in charges, central in situation, and sufficiently commodious, and they assert that Bishop Cotton' School fulfils none of these conditions. Now of all the English schools in Bangalore Bishop Cotton's is certainly the least denominational. The principal is

a layman, and the religious teaching confined to half an hour at the beginning of the day. Every other school with one possible exception, St. Mark's, is under the management and control of clerics, who are certainly not less bigoted than their brethren of the Established Church. The fees at Bishop Cotton's are not, in the opinion of the Inspector of Schools, too high. The essence of the question at issue is that the fees are too low in the rival schools to enable them to pay competent teachers. Again the Mysore Government College in Bangalore, a well equipped and thoroughly efficient institution, is open to Europeans and Eurasians whether they reside in the Civil and Military Station or in Bangalore city, and its fees are extremely low. European and Eurasian boys, the station in life of whose parents is so humble that they cannot afford to pay the fees of Bishop Cotton's school, should content themselves with a middle school education, or put their pride in their pockets and go to the Government College. In fact three Europeans are now studying there. It is true that Bishop Cotton's school is not in a perfectly central situation, but it is more central than any of its rivals, with the exception of St. Andrews. It is quite as central as the two Roman Catholic schools, for boys and girls respectively, which assuredly do not suffer from their position. As to the fourth objection, the Warden of Bishop Cotton's has no private residence. He occupies one of a group of buildings which forms the school, the upper floor of which is devoted to the boarders. I have within the last few days gone over the school in my capacity as visitor, and am satisfied that there is ample accommodation for the tuition of a larger numbers of pupils.

4. In paragraph 6 of the memorial it is alleged that if High School education be restricted to Bishop Cotton's and the Roman Catholic schools, there will be no High School for other denominations. This may be true as far as the Civil and Military Station is concerned, but is untrue as regards Bangalore as a whole. On the outskirts of Bangalore city, between it and the station is the large and flourishing Wesleyan High School, which in its advertisements declares that it has 500 pupils, and pays special attention to the study of the scriptures.

5. As regards the individual schools whose grants have been reduced or stopped, I would remark that St. Mark's was opened by an assistant master of Bishop Cotton's. After a couple of years he disposed of his venture to the present proprietor. It is thus a purely mercantile speculation, quite undeserving of government aid. Baldwin's school is little better. St. Andrew's school has certainly a stronger case than the others; and I was, after the receipt of the letter from its managing board, of which I enclose a copy, and before the submission of the memorial to the Viceroy, disposed to continue its grant intact. Its claim was supported by the senior chaplain of the Church of England in Bangalore until he became aware that Colonel Hill, the leading member of its committee, was of opinion that it should cease to teach up to the High School standard. If the Government of India considers that its grant-in-aid should be continued at the higher figure I have no objection to offer.

6. It has already been pointed out that the Mysore Government College is open to Europeans and Eurasians residing in the Civil and Military Station. It is therefore not the case, as the momorialists by their 3rd paragraph wish it to be believed that the whole of the education of Bangalore is dependent on private effort. There is no distinction between the two sections of the place in the matter of education except the authority by which the grants are made, and the source from which they are derived. Aid to education is given in one part of Bangalore by the Mysore Government, in the other part by the Government of India. The population of either part is perfectly free to avail itself of the educational advantages of the other. This would certainly not be inferred from the memorial; while it is hardly the business of the local government, administering that part of Mysore known as the Civil & Military Station, to spend its revenues in providing cheap education for the children of Europeans in South India generally, Burmah, and the Straits Settlements.

7. It would be gathered from the memorial that the children of each denomination attend the school of that denomination; but this is not the case. There are many dissenters and Roman Catholics at Bishop Cotton's; I doubt if half the children attending the classes at St. Andrews are Presbyterians; while it is within my knowledge that many Protestant parents send their boys and girls to the Catholic schools. The fees and the reputation of the teachers have quite as much to do with the attendance as religious belief, if not more.

8. For the reasons above given, supporting and explaining the arguments of Mr. Marsden in his very able report, I would ask the Government of India to permit me to inform the memorialists that their petition cannot be granted.

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No. 2076 I., dated Simla, the 16th May 1891.

From—The Under Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.
To—The Resident in Mysore.

With reference to your letter No. 840—321-9, dated the 18th March 1891, forwarding a memorial from the managers of certain aided schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and others appealing against the redistribution of the grants-in-aid to the schools in Bangalore, I am directed to request you to furnish information on the following points to enable the Government of India to consider the objections taken by the memorialits to your orders.

(*a*). Attendance at the various schools in Bangalore.

(*b*). Expenditure upon them, showing separately the amount defrayed from the grant and from private sources, and the scale of establishment for each.

(*c*). Scale of fees of each school.

2. I am also to ask for details in regard to the building grants referred to in paragraph 7 of the memorial.

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No. 1966—321-9, dated Bangalore the 29th June 1891.

From—Sir H. N. D. Prendergast, K. C. B. V. C., R. E., Officiating Resident in Mysore, Bangalore.
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

In reply to your letter No. 2076 I., dated the 16th May 1891, I have the honor to forward herewith a statement shewing the attendance, expenditure, and the scales of establishment and fees of the various schools aided by government in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

2. It will be seen from the statement that the rate of fee for ordinary pupils in the Bishop Cotton's Schools is slightly higher than that in the St. Andrew's and the Baldwin Schools, a reduction of 25 per cent is, however, made in the former when four or more members of a family attend, and a further reduction for any pupil or pupils whose parents' circumstances are not such as to admit of their paying the full fee (vide the enclosed printed prospectus of that school). The Inspector of School reports that as a matter of fact considerable reductions are made.

3. In paragraph 2 of your letter details in regard to the building grants of the St. Andrew's and the Baldwin schools are asked for. I would refer you, as regards the former, to correspondence with the Chief Commissioner of Mysore ending with your office letter No. 988 G., dated the 17th May 1871, from which it will be seen that a sum of Rs. 7,631 equal to that collected from private sources, was sanctioned by the Government of India in aid of the erection of a building for this school. As regards the Baldwin schools a sum of Rs. 2,300 was originally granted towards the purchase of a building and furniture, after the requirements of the Educational Code were complied with, and as the accommodation was subsequently found to be insufficient, another grant of Rs. 5,000 was made for enlarging the premises.

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No. 3414 I. dated Simla, the 17th August 1891.

From—The Under Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.
To—The Resident in Mysore.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, No. 1966—321-9 of the 29th June 1891, furnishing certain information with regard to the various schools in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore which have hitherto been in receipt of aid from government, and I am now to communicate the orders of the

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 3895

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 3335 Encl 3.

Dated 27-8- 1895.

To. The Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle

Sir,

In continuation of this office
1.89 letter No. 2539 dated the 9th ultimo
for forwarding report,
I am directed to forward a copy
1.90 of your letter No. 341 of the 9th instant
from the Secretary to the Board of
Trustees, Baldwin High School,
Bangalore, together with its enclosures*
applying for a grant in aid
of building & equipping
a laboratory for ~~the~~ this institution.

The Resident would like to know
2. ~~I am to enquire~~, whether
you are satisfied that the plans
afford needed and economical
additions and whether the managers
may

* in original the returned

may be trusted to maintain the
school for Educational purposes.
If so, I am to say that the Rest is payable on receipt of
a recommendation that a grant of the
moiety of the cost, if funds are
available, be made payable when
provided that
the managers
contribute a first expend on the build
have raised and expended an
equivalent sum. ~~Should you be able to~~
~~recommend a grant on these terms, this application will~~
~~be registered.~~

I have, etc,

[signature] 22-8

Frist Asst Resident

A.J.
20-8-95 [signature]

No. 9912g. 3b 96

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

~~[DRAFT.]~~

Station, Madras

Date 16th November 1895.

FROM E. Marsden Esq B.A.
~~THE~~ INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE

To

The First Assistant to the Resident
Bangalore.

SIR,

In returning the enclosures to your letter
* A. 95 No. 3335 dated 27th ult I have the honour to report that I have looked through the estimates and plans and am of opinion that the buildings are necessary and suitable for the purpose for which they are intended. I would suggest however that they be submitted to the inspecting Professional officer e.g. the Executive Engineer of the Municipality for approval before they are passed.

I have no doubt that the Managers may be trusted to maintain

309/85

the Schools for educational purposes.

I beg to recommend that a grant of the moiety of the cost of the buildings apparatus & furniture may be sanctioned, to be paid as funds are available.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant

Inspector of Schools,
Colombo Circle

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 497

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 4796 Enc 2 files

Dated 3rd Decr 1895.

To

The Revd: Inc Com:

C. M. Station

Sir

I am directed to forward the accompanying plans & Estimates for a Laboratory to be built in connection with the Basel mission Schools in Bangalore, towards which the Revd: has been asked to contribute a grant, and to request that you will call upon the Municipal Engineer to Certify the Site and Estimate and report thereon as to whether the Site are reasonable and the proposed building suitable for the purpose

In which it is intended.

2. The enclosure to be returned.

Lauriel.

KSE 3/12

M. Anderson

KJ 30.11.95

No. 1896 encls 1 file of papers & plan

CIVIL & MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

*Municipal Office* 16th December 1895.

No. 5412 dated 17.12.1895

FROM

THE PRESIDENT,
MUNICIPAL COMMISSION,
*Civil & Military Station,*
BANGALORE.

To

THE FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE,
*BANGALORE.*

SIR,

S.97

As requested in your letter dated 3rd December 1895, No: 4776, I have the honor to return herewith, the plan and Estimates for a laboratory to be built in Connection with the Baldwin schools, with a report thereon by the Municipal Executive Engineer.

2. The proposed building appears to be well enough suited for the purposes of a laboratory, but it may be remarked

remarked that the laboratory is to occupy only the upper storey of the building while the ground floor will be appropriated to other uses. For a laboratory only a single storied building could be built much cheaper.

Yes, vide slip B.

Two teachers' rooms
One reading room
Two lavatories
Front verandah.
These would seem to be necessary.

I have the honor to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant
W. R. Lamers
for President

Serial No. 3099

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 5168 Edn & Mus.

Dated 30 Dec 1895.

6-1-96

To

The Insp. of Schools

Central Circle

Sir

I am returning the Enclosures of your letter No. 99 Bg. dated the 16th Ultimo, Lam dir. to forward a revised Estimate for the Construction of a Laboratory for the Baldwin Sch. Schools, prepared by the Municipal Engr of the C. Dn. Chakrata Municipality, together with his Memo. of the 11th instant.

Sc 96.

2. This Estimate, which has been is in excess of that received with your letter under Reply for Rs. 170/. but provides for more substantial work - If the

Managers of the Baldwin Schools will adopt the Govt. Engineer's Estimate, ~~Leave to state that~~ KSE they may be informed that as soon as the Resident will be prepared to Sanction a moiety of the total expenditure, payment of which Govt can only be made when funds are available and provided that in Municipal Laws contributed and first KSE Govt spent an equivalent amount, which may be paid down at Rs. 2400/- as particularised in the margin

J Laws. el.

KSE
26-12

M. Asst Secy

26.12.95

~~Rs~~

Laboratory - 3670/-
Apparatus - 758-4-
Furniture - 386.12-
48 15 - -
1/2 = 2400/-

No. 31 Rg.

24 100

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

*Station,* Madras

*Dated* 13th February 1896.

FROM E. Marsden Esq. B.A.
INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

620
17-2-96

To The First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, Bangalore

Sir,

In forwarding herewith a letter from the Secretary to the Board of Trustees Baldwin High School, Bangalore, dated 5th inst, I have the honor to state that I quite approve of the alterations and request that permission may be granted to make the alterations referred to.

*I have the honour to be, Sir,*
*Your most obedient Servant.*

*Inspector of Schools,*
*Central Circle.*

109/8

No: 394.

Bangalore.
Dated. February 5. 1896.

From,

The Secretary of the Board of Trustees,
Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

To.

The Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle, Madras Presidency.

Sir,

With reference to your letter dated 16th January 1896 forwarding the letter of the First Assistant to the Resident to the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle, No: 5168, dated 30th December, 1895, together with a revised estimate for the construction of a laboratory for the Baldwin High Schools, prepared by the Executive Engineer of the C. & M. Station Municipality, I have the honor, by direction of the Board of Trustees, to inform you that we accept the Executive Engineer's Estimate, and are prepared to erect and equip the said laboratory on the terms stated in the letter of the First Assistant to the Resident. We request, however, that permission be granted us to make the modifications in the plan noted overleaf, the proposed alterations being such as will improve the building, but will not diminish the cost of construction.

A.99

2. The plans, Estimates, and other papers forwarded with your letter will be returned in a few days.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most obedient Servant,

J. N. Clapham

Secretary.

166.B2b

# Proposed Modifications of plan.

The outer shutters of the windows should be full panelled, and not venetianed, as stated in the revised Estimate. The reason for this is, that in experiments designed to explain the nature of light, an entirely dark room is necessary, and panelled shutters will therefore be preferable to venetianed ones.

2. The position and length of the staircase need modification. The staircase should begin near the entrance, and not at the farther end of the ~~centre~~ middle N.E. room. The rise of each step should be 6 or 6½ inches instead of 8. This will make the staircase longer, but it will be easier of ascent.

T. Thomsaint

for M. Clapham.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS
7 - FEB. 93

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

*Serial No.* 161 25

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 732

*Dated* 2nd March 1896.

To

The Inspector of Schools
Central Circle

Sir

In reply to your letter No. 310 g. of the 13th ~~instant~~ ultimo, I am directed to convey the Resident's approval of the modifications suggested in the proposed plan of the laboratory to be constructed in the Batavia High School.

I have &c.

Se 100.

Se 29-2
for Asst. Res.

29.2.96

Issue Register No.

*Requisition for Papers.*

Heading—

Month—

Nos.

Part—

File No. 229 - 1872

Collection No.
(To be filled in by Duftry). (2 collections)
2-3

To be put up with— Examination & Rule
[illegible] in the C.M. Statu

Initials and date
(Year to be given)

Signature of Duftry
with date of supply.

SUBJECT (if necessary).

S. 43.

MFP—294 S&P—(M-539)—21-7-37—10,000 Pads.

The Madras Mail.
SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1896.

## The Baldwin High Schools.

*(From our own Correspondent.)*

BANGALORE, *16th July.*—The annual distribution of prizes in connection with the above institutions took place in the Richard's Hall of the Baldwin School this evening, Mr. W. Mackworth Young, British Resident, presiding. The dais was tastefully decorated with crotons, the school banner, and the stars and stripes and Union Jack were hung conspicuously above, with the motto on the top "Find a way or make it." Over the entrance door were the words "Not in our stars but in ourselves." The pupils turned out strong for the occasion, while the rest of the hall was filled with relatives and friends of the pupils. The Resident and Mrs. Young were conducted to their seats on the dais by the Principal, the Rev. T. R. Toussaint, and the proceedings began by the singing of a hymn, and prayer by the Rev. Mr. King. The Misses Hudson and Kiddle then played a well executed duet on the piano. The Principal next read his Report, from which the following are a few interesting extracts :—

The year 1895-96 was in many respects a remarkable one, especially so in the many changes that took place in the teaching staff. Notwithstanding this, the results of the various examinations of 1895, were on the whole good. The numbers on the rolls on the 1st April, 1895, were 181, we had 210 on the 1st April, 1896. During the official year 1895-96 we received in boarding tuition and other fees nearly Rs. 23,700, being an increase of Rs.2,700 on the receipts of the preceding year. If our receipts were larger, so were our disbursements, and both have been nearly equal, with the balance on the right side. Miss Riggs' place (as Music Teacher), has been taken by Professor S. A. Bartels, a musician of well-known ability. His very name is to us and the public a guarantee that the musical training of our pupils are in good hands. A drawing class was started with Miss A. E. Dawson in charge. Miss Dawson had her training in England and Italy and is an artist of no mean ability. Specimens of the work done during the year adorn our walls. (The Principal here intimated to the Chairman that one of Miss Dawson's pupils would present him with a specimen of his work, and asked that it might be accepted). The Literary Society is alive and lively. The good work done by the Society is due in no small measure to the interest evinced in its affairs by its indefatigable Vice-President Miss. A. E. Dawson, who contributed during the year two very interesting and instructive papers, one on Venice and the other entitled "A walk through a dead city"—and has given much time and money to further its interests. This Report would not be complete without a reference to our much talked of laboratory. In his Inspection Report 1894-95 Mr. E. Marsden, B. A., Inspector of Schools, observing the want of a room and apparatus for the study of sciences, remarked :—"A separate room for a laboratory is required." Mr. Lee Warner referring to the remark said :—"You refer to a laboratory as a want which with some assistance you must supply. In Bombay grants for apparatus are made from the building grant; and if there be no objection here, and funds are available, it will be a pleasure to me to render some assistance towards an item of equipment so essential to a first class high school." We have to thank you, Sir, and the Government you represent, for the grant so kindly offered. Our thanks are due to Bishop J. M. Thoburn, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for his kind promise to be responsible for Rs. 1,200 of the cost of the building. We expect to have it completed and furnished before the end of the current Calendar year. It will be known as the *Lee Warner Laboratory.* Mr. E. Marsden, B.A., who held his Annual Inspection on the 30th instant, has very kindly sent me at my request a copy of his Inspection Notes. In it he says ;—"The result of the various examinations were all very good. In the case of three of them they could not have been better. It is evident that the school is doing very good work and quite deserves the recognition and help of Government. The Head Master and the Head Mistress are to be congratulated on the flourishing state of the schools under their charge." Sixteen years ago these schools were started. They had then only 16 pupils. We now draw pupils from such remote parts as the Punjab, Rajputana, Upper Burma, and the Straits Settlements. We have property to-day worth over Rs. 32,000, which will be Rs. 36,000 before the close of the year. Those who have passed out of our classes are now holding positions of responsibility in various parts of the country. Our only difficulty just now is the question of accommodation. Nine applications for admission have actually been refused. In conclusion, I desire to thank all who have in any measure contributed towards the successful work of the past years. My thanks are due to Mr. E. Marsden, B.A., Inspector of Schools, for his readiness to advise and help at all times. My thanks are due to a faithful band of teachers and officers who have stood by me and helped me greatly in carrying on this important work.

The presentation of the drawing referred to above in a handsome gilt frame, was made to the Resident by A. Finlayson, after which the school choir sang an anthem. The prizes were then distributed by Mrs. Mackworth Young. At the close of the distribution Miss D. Shaw and Miss W. Hill played a very pretty instrumental duet in a manner which did them credit.

Mr. Mackworth Young then rose and made a short speech.

He said he had been requested by Mrs. Young to say that she was very pleased with the evening's proceedings. It had also given him great pleasure to be present, and he hoped that in future they would become better acquainted with each other. Speaking on the Principal's Report, he said it did not require much to discern from the Report of the Inspector, Mr. Marsden, that the schools were in a very high state of efficiency (Hear, hear). He was glad that he was able in some small measure to restore the Government Grant which was a few years ago withdrawn from the school, and he said it would give him great pleasure to supplement the grant and bring it up to the original amount if the Inspector recommended it. There were institutions which Government had no need to help and there were reasons which prevented Government from giving grants-in-aid of a special character. They could not give grants for proselytising or for spiritualising; but it did not follow that Government was not interested in the spiritual welfare of the country. He was very gratified to learn of the successes of the past year, and he heartily congratulated all those who were engaged in the work. They had done well in calling the Laboratory after Mr. Lee Warner, who took a great deal of interest in schools and especially in this institution ; and he would be glad to sanction the grant for furniture if Mr. Marsden recommended it. He congratulated the children on their success and said he was glad to meet them. He thanked the boy donor for the memento he had presented to him, and he was glad to see that the same boy had obtained the prize for being the best boy in the school, a selection made by the whole of the boys. In conclusion, he was glad to be able to tell them that at the request of Mrs. Mackworth Young and himself, they would have a whole holiday to-morrow.

The Rev. Mr. Fawcett Shaw thanked Mr. and Mrs. Mackworth Young for being present.

The proceedings terminated in the usual way.

103 vs

No. 154 camp.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

*Station,* Bangalore
*Dated* 28th July 1896.

FROM C. Marsden Esq B.A.
INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

To

The First Assistant to the
Resident in Mysore.

Sir.

In forwarding the enclosed letter from the Secretary Baldwin High schools for an advance of Rs 1200/. being ½ of the amount of building grant sanctioned in S99 your letter no 5168 dated the 30th December 1895, I have the honor to state that I personally inspected the building under construction and am satisfied that the cost of the work now completed is not less than Rs 2500/. I therefore recommend strongly that the advance asked for may be sanctioned.

not finally sanctioned as yet.

*I have the honour to be, Sir,*
*Your most obedient Servant.*
C. Marsden
*Inspector of Schools,*
*Central Circle*

309

No: 459.

22

The Baldwin High Schools,
Bangalore. July 27. 1896.

From

The Principal,
Baldwin High Schools,
Bangalore.

To

The Inspector of Schools,
Civil & Military Station.
Bangalore.

Sir

I have the honor to enclose an application to the Resident for an advance of Rupees one thousand two hundred (Rs 1200/-) as the first instalment of the building grant promised us by him, and shall feel much obliged by your forwarding it with your recommendation.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your Most obedient Servant,

P. Roussiant
Principal

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

*Serial No.* 104/20

[DRAFT].—For approval.

*No.* 2825

*Dated* 5th Augt. 1896

To

Order

The Resident in Mysore sanctions a grant of Rs 2400/- in aid of building and equipping a laboratory for the Baldwin High School in the Cantonment of Bangalore.

2. The Officer in charge of the Residents' Treasury is authorized to disburse on the receipt (countersigned by the First Class Resident) of the Secretary of the Institution, the sum of Rs 1,200/- in part payment of the grant sanctioned -

3. The charge will be met from the allotment for "Building & furniture grants" under 22-Education in the budget of the assigned Trust for

for the Year 1896-97.

KSE 3/8.

First Addl Resident

To

The Inspector of Schools, Central Circle,
for information with reference to his
letter Camp No. 154 of the 28th ultimo D. 103

Secretary, Baldwin High Schools,
Bangalore.

Accountant General, Madras.

Officer in charge of the Residents' treasury
(thro' the District Collector)

Rs.
1-8-16.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE

Serial No. 106

105 '96

The Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore
August 7. 1896.

No. 462.

From

The Secretary of the Board of Trustees,
Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

To

The First Assistant to the Resident,
C. and M. Station, Bangalore

Sir,

With reference to the Order of the Resident, No. 2825, dated 5th August 1896, authorizing the officer in charge of the Resident's Treasury to disburse the sum of Rupees One thousand two hundred (Rs. 1200/-) only, in part payment of the grant sanctioned for the erection and equipment of a laboratory for the Baldwin High Schools, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, I have the honor to forward, herein enclosed, a receipt for the amount which I shall thank you to countersign and return at your earliest convenience.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient Servt.

Hewett Shaw

Secretary, Board of Trustees.

8/8

3229
D/-10.8.96

1104

File returns 16th inst.
with 16 inst.

Dmpr must be for approval,
AL
20-8-96.

21/8

309/85

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 106

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 3040
Ex: one

Dated 24th August 1896.

To The Secretary, Board of Trustees,
Buddirie High Schools,
Bungalore.

Sir,

I am directed to return, duly countersigned, the receipt for ₹1,200/- received with your letter No. 462 dated the 7th instant.

I have, etc,

KSE 21/8...
First Asst Resident

S. 105

AL 20-8-96.

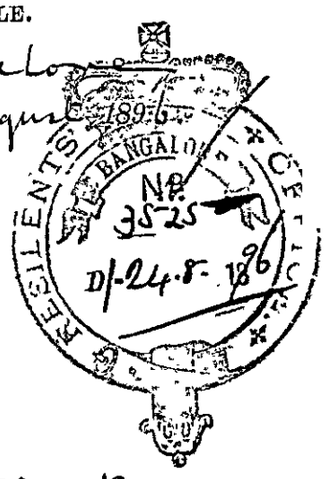
The receipt is prepared for signature of [illegible]

107 16

No. 111, B.G

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

*Station,* B.angalore
*Dated* 20th August 1896




FROM E. Marsden Esq B.A.
INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

To

The First Assistant to the Resident
in Mysore.

K.E. 23/8.

Sir.

I have the honor to forward an application for a grant in aid of the purchase of furniture by the manager of the Baldwin schools and to recommend very strongly that it be sanctioned.

2. The Baldwin schools have, I think, the first claim on the funds available for furniture grants this year particularly as the small grant of Rs 50/. per mensem recommended for this school for the current year was struck out by the Government of India. This school therefore gets no grant

grant at all this year.

3. The value of the furniture is estimated to amount to Rs 1042 and the grant asked for, or a moiety of this would be Rs 521.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

E Marsden

Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

read 20/8/87

107 B 14

No. 467. Bangalore.
August 20. 1896.

From

The Secretary of the Board of Trustees,
Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

To

The British Resident,
C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to the remarks of the Inspector of Schools in his last report regarding the need of furniture for the Baldwin High Schools, and your promise made at our last distribution of prizes to consider an application from the Trustees for a furniture grant if recommended by the Inspector of Schools, I have the honor to submit an estimate for the same, amounting to Rupees One thousand and forty-two (Rs. 1042/-), and beg you will kindly help us to supply our needs by sanctioning a moiety of the amount.

The Inspector's remarks referred to above were as follows:- "Some new furniture is needed, and if the management will send in an application for a grant in aid of the purchase of additional furniture, I shall be glad to recommend it."

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
Fawcett Read

# Estimate of Furniture needed for the Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 16 Reversible desks @ 25/- each - | 400 | . | . |
| 7 Teachers' desks and seats @ 20/- | 140 | . | . |
| 1 School clock - | 25 | . | . |
| 2 Tiffin tables, one 9×3½, and one 6½×3½ | 24 | . | . |
| 5 Benches for Tiffin room @ 5/- | 25 | . | . |
| 5 Maps (Asia, India, Europe, The World and the British Isles) | 40 | . | . |
| 2 Black-boards @ 15/- | 30 | . | . |
| 10 Rulers for the teachers @ 1/- | 10 | . | . |
| 2 wash hand stands for teachers' lavatories - | 12 | . | . |
| 2 basins, Ewers, &c. | 24 | . | . |
| 5 towel racks | 12 | . | . |
| 2 tables for teachers' rooms | 30 | . | . |
| 10 chairs for do. do. | 40 | . | . |
| 1 table for reading room | 20 | . | . |
| 5 seats for do. do. | 80 | . | . |
| 10 low platforms for teachers' desks. | 60 | . | . |
| 2 Filters | 70 | . | . |
| Total. — | 1042 | . | . |

Jaweett Shaw
Secretary,
Baldwin High Schools,
Bangalore.

August 20. 1896.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 10 &c

18

[D'RAFT].—For approval.

No. 3142

Dated 2nd Septr. 1896.

To The Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

Sir,

In reply to your letter ~~dated~~ 2nd inst.
No. 111 B. & dated the 20th ~~instant~~, I am
directed to convey the Resident's sanction
to the payment of a grant of ~~Rs~~ 521/-
being a moiety of the expenditure to
be incurred in providing certain
furniture to the Baldwin High
Schools in the Lower Station of
Wynaad.

A.107

2. The charge will be met from
the allotment for Building & Furniture
Grants under 22. Education in the
Budget of the Assigned Tract for the
Year 1896-97

3. I am to ask you to be so
good as to satisfy yourself
that

that the necessary furniture has been provided for the Schools.

I have, etc,

KE 28/8

Irish Brd. Resident

No. 3143

Extract of para 10 forwd to the Secretary, Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore for information with reference to his letter No. 467 dated the 20: instant

A. 107-A

No. 3144

—do— to the Accountant General, Madras, for information

No. 3145

—do— to the Collector of Malabar Station for the information of the Officer in charge of the Resident's treasury, Bangalore.

KE 28/8

Irish Brd. Resident

AL
28-7-96 HL

No. 157 Bg

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE,

Chingleput 28/11/96

FROM

C. Marsden Esqr B.A.
INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

TO

THE FIRST ASSISTANT TO THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE,
BANGALORE.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward the enclosed completion certificate and to request that the sanction of the Resident may be obtained for the payment of the balance of Rs 1200 out of the Grant of Rs 2400 sanctioned in his order —

S. 104 &c = 2825 / 5. 8. 96.

2. The completion certificate may be countersigned and forwarded to the Manager direct

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obedient Servant.

C. Marsden

Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

I hereby certify that the building erected in connection with the Baldwin High School, Bangalore and intended as a Laboratory has been constructed in a substantial and satisfactory manner.

C. W. A. Rennie
Executive Engineer
12-11-260

Countersigned
13/4.

President, Municipal Commission,
Civil & ~~Military~~ Station Bangalore.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 1116

File No.

[DRAFT].—For approval.

Dated 10 Dec 1896.

No. 4524

To The Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

Sir,

With reference to your letter No.
D. 169 157 dated the 28th ultimo, requesting the
Bg.
payment of Rs 1,200/- in final adjustment
of the grant of Rs 2400/- sanctioned towards
building & equipping a laboratory for
the Baldwin High Schools in the Station
of Bangalore, I am directed
to enquire whether the necessary
apparatus and furniture have
been obtained for the laboratory at
a cost not less than the estimated
amount, viz Rs 1,145/-

2. The request contained in para
2 of your letter cited above, that the Com-
pletion certificate may be Countersigned
& forwarded to the Manager of the Schools,

is not understood. The certificate is required under article 96 (a) of the revised ~~Procedure Code~~ Code of Regulations for European Schools in Bengal, and will be retained in this office.

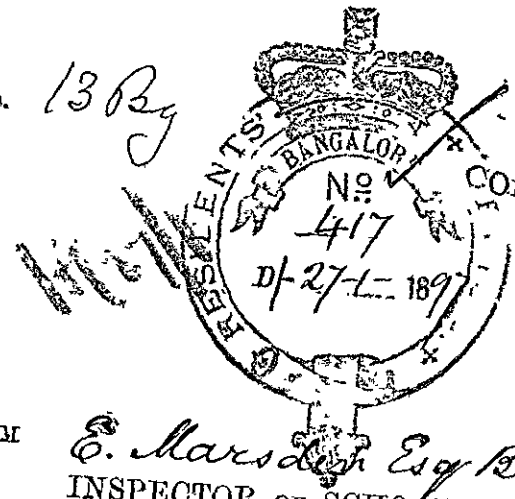
I have, etc,

[illegible] 8/12
First Asst Resident

M.
7-12-96.

No. 13 By

1116




OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.
*Station,* Madras
*Dated* 25th January 1897.

FROM E. Marsden Esq BA.
INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS,
CENTRAL CIRCLE.

To

The First Assistant to
the Resident in Mysore

Sir,

With reference to para 1 of your letter No 4524 of 10.12.96, I have the honor to forward a letter from the Principal, Baldwin High school, Bangalore from which it may be observed that the necessary furniture and apparatus costing Rs 1209. 8. 0 have been supplied. I therefore recommend that the sum of Rs 120 be authorised for payment in final adjustment.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient Servant.

E Marsden

Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

File No. 309/85.

No. 486. Bangalore. January 14. 1897.

From

The Principal,
Baldwin High Schools, Bangalore.

To

The Inspector of Schools,
C. & M. Station, Bangalore.

Sir,

With reference to the letter of the First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. 4524, dated 10th December 1896, which I herewith return, I have the honor to enclose vouchers, &c. for the apparatus and furniture of the Baldwin High Schools laboratory. In consequence of our very limited resources, and the large and urgent demands we had to meet in connection with the erection of our laboratory building, we were under the necessity of sending orders for apparatus as we were able to spare the necessary funds; and had, therefore, to send three orders and as many remittances to London, the vouchers corresponding to which have been marked A, B and C respectively. Those marked D and E are for apparatus, chemicals, &c. purchased locally, the voucher for furniture is marked F.

2. With reference to Vouchers marked C (1).

I beg to explain that as the remittance was sent to London only this month, I am not in a position to send you a receipted bill from Messrs Griffin & Sons, as in the case of Vouchers A and B; but am sending you in place of such a voucher the postal Money Order receipt and a list of the apparatus ordered. The former will show that the amount has been forwarded by me to London. The amount entered against C(2) in the enclosed abstract is an approximate figure, which is, I fear, much lower than the charges for freight, duty, trainage, &c. on my third order are likely to be. If you will be so good as to accept these as vouchers provisionally, and, to avoid a lapse of the grant, recommend payment of Rs. 1200/- in final adjustment, I shall forward to you the necessary vouchers as soon as they are received, which will in all probability be not later than the second or third week of March.

3. I beg to call your attention to the fact that the laboratory with all its furniture and apparatus has cost in all Rs. 5191/-, as follows:—

follows:—

Paid Contractor for building Rs. 3925—.—
Trellis for Verandah — — 56—14—
Apparatus and furniture — 1209—8—
Total Rs. 5791—6—

It will be seen that we have exceeded our estimate on the building by Rs. 311/14/- and that on the furniture and apparatus by Rs. 64/8/- making a total of Rs. 376/6 in excess of our estimates, as under:—

Total sanctioned Estimate for laboratory, furniture, &c.. Rs. 4815—.—
Amount spent on laboratory, &c. 5791—6—
Over-spent— Rs. 376—6—

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant.

L. Toussaint.
Principal.

# Abstract of Vouchers.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| A (1) | First remittance of £25/- to Mess^rs Griffin & Sons, with bills and receipt- —— | 423 | 9 | . |
| (2) | Messrs Wm. Watson & Co's bill & receipt on a/c of duty, &c. | 25 | 11 | . |
| (3) | Railway receipt showing trainage & cart hire on box | 20 | 8 | . |
| B (1) | Second remittance of £3/10/- to Mess^rs Griffin & Son with receipted bill —— | 60 | 8 | . |
| (2) | Messrs. Wm. Watson & Co's bill & M.O. receipt on a/c of duty, freight, &c. on box. | 12 | 6 | . |
| (3) | Railway receipt showing trainage & cart-hire on box | 7 | 11 | . |
| C (1) | Third remittance of £14/- to Mess^rs Griffin & Sons, M.O. receipts only —— | 221 | 13 | . |
| (2) | No Voucher - Freight, duty, trainage, landing charges, &c. &c. | 25 | . | . |
| D. | Apparatus purchased from Mr. J. C. Hunter - —— | 29 | . | . |
| E. (1) | Mess^rs M. Narain Row's bill for Acids supplied. | 16 | . | . |
| (2) | do. do. do. bottles for chemicals. | 1 | 4 | . |
| (3) | B. Tala Singh's bill for bells for Electric chimes. | 1 | 8 | . |
| F. | Bill for furniture made for the Laboratory - | 364 | 10 | . |
| | Rs | 1209 | 8 | . |

January 14. 1897.
Bangalore.

A. Toussaint.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

*Serial No.* 112 4

[DRAFT].—For approval.

*Dated* 6 — 2 — 189[illegible] *To*

*No.* 502-504

Order

The Officer in charge of the Resident Treasury, Bungalow, is authorised to disburse on the receipt (countersigned by the Inspector of Schools, Central Circle) of the Secretary, Baldwin's High Schools in the following sum, viz:—

Sum of $ 1,200/— in final adjustment of the Grant of $ 2,400/— sanctioned in this Office Order No. 2825 dated the 5th August 1896 in aid of building and equipping a ~~Boarding~~ laboratory for the Baldwin High Schools.

2— The charge will be met from the allotment for "Building & furniture Grants

Note
It must be certified that the receipt is countersigned by the Inspector of Schools

D. 164

grants" under "22 Education" in the
budget of the Assigned Tract for the year
1896-97.

First Asstt Resident

To

The Inspector of Schools, Central Circle,
for information with reference to
his letter No. 13 Bg dated the 25 January 1897. S. 111.

Accountant General, Madras.

Officer in charge of the Resident's treasury
at the Collectorate Station.

Asst.
28-1-97

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. 11-7

[DRAFT].—For approval.

No. 1066.

Dated 13th March 1897.

To The Inspector of Schools,
Central Circle.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter No. 1062 dated the 12th instant, I am directed to state that the Resident sanctions a grant-in-aid of 350/- a month to the Vredendorp's High School in the Colonisation of Vryheid with retrospective effect from the 1st April 1896. The charge will be debited to the allotment for "Grants in aid to European boys & girls Schools" under "22 Education" in the budget of the Colonisation for the year 1896-97.

2. The Officer in charge of the Resident's treasury is authorised to disburse the grant on presentation

ga bill countersigned by the Rich Assistant Resident & the Secretary of the Institution will be directed to forward the bill to this office with as little delay as possible.

I have, etc,

[signature] 11/3,

Rich Asst Resident

No. 1067

Extract of para 1 forwarded to the Accountant General, Madras, for information.

No. 1068

Copy forwarded to the Collector of the District of Bangalore, for communication to the Officer in charge of the Resident's treasury

No 1069.

Copy forwarded to the Secretary, Baldwin's High Schools for information & guidance. The grant claimed be drawn from the treasury before the 31st March next.

[signature] 11/3.

Rich Asst Resident

No 10-3-97 [signature]